



ASK AN ASTROBIOLOGIST

EPISODE 55: MARCH 8, 2023

DR. ANDREW SCHUERGER

#ASKASTROBIO



1
00:00:01,900 --> 00:00:00,470
[Music]

2
00:00:22,720 --> 00:00:01,910
foreign

3
00:00:23,970 --> 00:00:22,730
[Music]

4
00:00:41,889 --> 00:00:23,980
[Applause]

5
00:00:44,930 --> 00:00:41,899
[Music]

6
00:00:48,049 --> 00:00:44,940
greetings friends fellow earthlings and

7
00:00:49,369 --> 00:00:48,059
fans of exploration welcome to ask an

8
00:00:51,590 --> 00:00:49,379
astrobiologist

9
00:00:53,990 --> 00:00:51,600
the show that celebrates the science and

10
00:00:56,090 --> 00:00:54,000
celebrates the scientists involved in

11
00:00:58,970 --> 00:00:56,100
our quest to understand the nature of

12
00:01:01,430 --> 00:00:58,980
life astrobiology where does life come

13
00:01:03,889 --> 00:01:01,440

from how does it change and evolve where

14

00:01:05,750 --> 00:01:03,899

is it located in our universe the

15

00:01:08,750 --> 00:01:05,760

questions we all want to know

16

00:01:11,450 --> 00:01:08,760

I am your host Dr Graham the cosmo

17

00:01:13,910 --> 00:01:11,460

biologist Lao and as always we're

18

00:01:16,130 --> 00:01:13,920

brought to you by segnet.org and the

19

00:01:18,109 --> 00:01:16,140

NASA astrobiology program

20

00:01:19,969 --> 00:01:18,119

as always we want to thank all of you as

21

00:01:22,429 --> 00:01:19,979

well for tuning in asking us questions

22

00:01:23,990 --> 00:01:22,439

during the live stream chat or if you're

23

00:01:25,310 --> 00:01:24,000

watching this later jumping over to the

24

00:01:28,010 --> 00:01:25,320

YouTube channel and adding your

25

00:01:29,270 --> 00:01:28,020

questions in I do my best several of us

26

00:01:31,190 --> 00:01:29,280

come through and look at those questions

27

00:01:32,870 --> 00:01:31,200

try to answer them when we can

28

00:01:34,130 --> 00:01:32,880

I'm so excited for this week now you

29

00:01:35,810 --> 00:01:34,140

might notice I'm in a slightly different

30

00:01:37,969 --> 00:01:35,820

environment I'm actually recording in

31

00:01:40,550 --> 00:01:37,979

Savannah Georgia uh for this month's

32

00:01:42,830 --> 00:01:40,560

episode but I'm so excited to have our

33

00:01:45,230 --> 00:01:42,840

guest on the show this month Dr Andrew

34

00:01:47,450 --> 00:01:45,240

sugar is joining us he's a scientist at

35

00:01:50,030 --> 00:01:47,460

the department of Plant Pathology at the

36

00:01:52,670 --> 00:01:50,040

University of Florida Dr sugar worked

37

00:01:54,410 --> 00:01:52,680

for 18 years the land a hydroponic

38

00:01:57,050 --> 00:01:54,420

research and education facility at

39

00:01:58,969 --> 00:01:57,060

Disney's Epcot Center as well as at

40

00:02:01,429 --> 00:01:58,979

NASA's Kennedy Space Center

41

00:02:03,770 --> 00:02:01,439

his research has gone in many different

42

00:02:05,330 --> 00:02:03,780

directions over the years it includes

43

00:02:07,310 --> 00:02:05,340

studying the effects of Martian

44

00:02:10,130 --> 00:02:07,320

conditions on the survival growth and

45

00:02:11,990 --> 00:02:10,140

adaptation of microorganisms as well as

46

00:02:14,750 --> 00:02:12,000

investigating things like methane on

47

00:02:16,910 --> 00:02:14,760

Mars as a potential biosignature and so

48

00:02:18,949 --> 00:02:16,920

I'm so excited to welcome Dr sugar and I

49

00:02:20,330 --> 00:02:18,959

hope you will as well Dr sugar thank you

50

00:02:21,710 --> 00:02:20,340

very much for joining us for asking

51

00:02:23,809 --> 00:02:21,720

astrobiologist

52

00:02:24,589 --> 00:02:23,819

oh hey it's my pleasure I'm glad to be

53

00:02:26,809 --> 00:02:24,599

here

54

00:02:27,949 --> 00:02:26,819

I'm like I said I'm so happy that you're

55

00:02:29,449 --> 00:02:27,959

joining us

56

00:02:32,150 --> 00:02:29,459

um looking through your bio you've done

57

00:02:33,470 --> 00:02:32,160

so many different things uh you earned

58

00:02:34,910 --> 00:02:33,480

your your bachelor's degree your

59

00:02:36,290 --> 00:02:34,920

master's degree at the University of

60

00:02:37,910 --> 00:02:36,300

Arizona

61

00:02:39,650 --> 00:02:37,920

um then you worked during your PhD you

62

00:02:41,750 --> 00:02:39,660

earned that in 1991 you know the

63

00:02:44,270 --> 00:02:41,760

University of Florida working in this

64

00:02:47,270 --> 00:02:44,280

realm of microbiology microbial ecology

65

00:02:49,190 --> 00:02:47,280

and then Plant Pathology I'm wondering

66

00:02:52,009 --> 00:02:49,200

for our audience could you explain what

67

00:02:55,070 --> 00:02:52,019

really drove you towards these Realms of

68

00:02:57,949 --> 00:02:55,080

like microbiology and Plant Pathology

69

00:03:01,430 --> 00:02:57,959

well uh the biggest reason I got into

70

00:03:03,550 --> 00:03:01,440

Plant Pathology is I immediately had the

71

00:03:06,770 --> 00:03:03,560

sense that it was like being a detective

72

00:03:09,589 --> 00:03:06,780

because you have a series of problems

73

00:03:12,229 --> 00:03:09,599

with a plant or crop there are symptoms

74

00:03:15,050 --> 00:03:12,239

or signs you have to go into it and kind

75

00:03:17,809 --> 00:03:15,060

of use all of your knowledge from every

76

00:03:19,250 --> 00:03:17,819

course you've taken from every uh you

77

00:03:21,710 --> 00:03:19,260

know bit of experience that you've been

78

00:03:23,390 --> 00:03:21,720

able to Garner and then figure out what

79

00:03:26,330 --> 00:03:23,400

the problem is and then it's another

80

00:03:28,009 --> 00:03:26,340

that's first level of detective work and

81

00:03:30,170 --> 00:03:28,019

then the next level is to figure out how

82

00:03:31,729 --> 00:03:30,180

to control that disease so I just

83

00:03:34,850 --> 00:03:31,739

thought it'd be it was a very

84

00:03:37,250 --> 00:03:34,860

challenging Innovative discipline and I

85

00:03:38,570 --> 00:03:37,260

I've been very pleased with a career at

86

00:03:40,550 --> 00:03:38,580

Plant Pathology

87

00:03:42,410 --> 00:03:40,560

it's wonderful and of course you're not

88

00:03:44,149 --> 00:03:42,420

University of Florida but even while

89

00:03:46,670 --> 00:03:44,159

working on your PhD you were working at

90

00:03:48,410 --> 00:03:46,680

the land at Epcot Center kind of in this

91

00:03:49,970 --> 00:03:48,420

realm of hydroponic research and

92

00:03:52,130 --> 00:03:49,980

education

93

00:03:53,570 --> 00:03:52,140

um looking in these Management Systems

94

00:03:55,490 --> 00:03:53,580

um I'm wondering what you know how did

95

00:03:57,170 --> 00:03:55,500

you kind of evolve your career into that

96

00:03:59,449 --> 00:03:57,180

realm of like looking in closed loop

97

00:04:00,589 --> 00:03:59,459

systems and hydroponic systems and kind

98

00:04:02,630 --> 00:04:00,599

of using these as a way to understand

99

00:04:04,610 --> 00:04:02,640

Plant Pathology

100

00:04:07,910 --> 00:04:04,620

well that's a very interesting question

101
00:04:11,210 --> 00:04:07,920
because when I uh before I applied for

102
00:04:14,449 --> 00:04:11,220
the position at Epcot Center at the land

103
00:04:16,969 --> 00:04:14,459
Pavilion that I eventually got uh I was

104
00:04:19,729 --> 00:04:16,979
very interested in going into nature

105
00:04:21,469 --> 00:04:19,739
cinematography but my department chair

106
00:04:23,030 --> 00:04:21,479
and Plant Pathology at the University of

107
00:04:25,790 --> 00:04:23,040
Arizona tracked me down on the hall

108
00:04:28,249 --> 00:04:25,800
carrying a sheet of paper and he said

109
00:04:31,070 --> 00:04:28,259
this job's for you and it was the

110
00:04:35,170 --> 00:04:31,080
announcement of working in a hydroponic

111
00:04:38,090 --> 00:04:35,180
complex hydroponic facility up to 40 50

112
00:04:41,570 --> 00:04:38,100
crops agronomic and Horticultural crops

113
00:04:43,550 --> 00:04:41,580

and I immediately right when that that

114

00:04:46,189 --> 00:04:43,560

department chair showed me that piece of

115

00:04:49,189 --> 00:04:46,199

paper made the connection that that is

116

00:04:51,770 --> 00:04:49,199

the is sort of like a ground test bed

117

00:04:55,430 --> 00:04:51,780

for trying to learn how to grow plants

118

00:04:57,530 --> 00:04:55,440

in outer space so that was the reason I

119

00:05:00,290 --> 00:04:57,540

applied was that NASA was here in

120

00:05:03,230 --> 00:05:00,300

Florida Kennedy Space Center was here in

121

00:05:05,749 --> 00:05:03,240

Florida Epcot was here in Florida and

122

00:05:08,210 --> 00:05:05,759

this facility growing plants

123

00:05:10,310 --> 00:05:08,220

hydroponically was like a ground test

124

00:05:12,590 --> 00:05:10,320

bed for doing it in space so I said I

125

00:05:14,030 --> 00:05:12,600

have to try and I was lucky enough to

126

00:05:16,370 --> 00:05:14,040

get it and it's been it was a real

127

00:05:18,890 --> 00:05:16,380

rewarding experience working for Walt

128

00:05:20,689 --> 00:05:18,900

Disney World well that's really cool I

129

00:05:22,129 --> 00:05:20,699

do have to ask you know since my I

130

00:05:24,770 --> 00:05:22,139

really love this realm not just of

131

00:05:26,450 --> 00:05:24,780

astrobotany but also the future of

132

00:05:27,950 --> 00:05:26,460

Agriculture

133

00:05:29,330 --> 00:05:27,960

um what your view is kind of on the

134

00:05:31,969 --> 00:05:29,340

future of like things like vertical

135

00:05:33,590 --> 00:05:31,979

farms and indoor greenhouses do you

136

00:05:35,990 --> 00:05:33,600

think we kind of need to go that

137

00:05:38,029 --> 00:05:36,000

direction for not just being sustainable

138

00:05:40,909 --> 00:05:38,039

for space exploration but for building a

139

00:05:43,010 --> 00:05:40,919

future for humans as well here on Earth

140

00:05:47,210 --> 00:05:43,020

well that's a good question too because

141

00:05:50,870 --> 00:05:47,220

uh vertical farming has a real important

142

00:05:53,510 --> 00:05:50,880

role to play in urban areas where you're

143

00:05:56,749 --> 00:05:53,520

growing High cash value crops

144

00:06:00,170 --> 00:05:56,759

strawberries lettuce dwarf Tomatoes

145

00:06:02,330 --> 00:06:00,180

things of that nature such that you have

146

00:06:05,529 --> 00:06:02,340

a very short distance from production

147

00:06:07,730 --> 00:06:05,539

facility to sales facility

148

00:06:09,770 --> 00:06:07,740

but you have to it's generally

149

00:06:11,450 --> 00:06:09,780

economical only if it's a high cash

150

00:06:14,870 --> 00:06:11,460

value crop like the ones I just

151
00:06:17,590 --> 00:06:14,880
mentioned for bulk growth of plants like

152
00:06:20,870 --> 00:06:17,600
wheat potatoes some of the Staples

153
00:06:22,909 --> 00:06:20,880
that's probably going to remain for the

154
00:06:26,090 --> 00:06:22,919
foreseeable future as a field

155
00:06:28,909 --> 00:06:26,100
agriculture uh technology so we really

156
00:06:31,249 --> 00:06:28,919
need both we need solid field

157
00:06:33,890 --> 00:06:31,259
agriculture with good control of soils

158
00:06:35,650 --> 00:06:33,900
and pests and and proper nutritional

159
00:06:38,510 --> 00:06:35,660
management of the crops

160
00:06:41,689 --> 00:06:38,520
ecologically sound growing as well as

161
00:06:43,969 --> 00:06:41,699
vertical farmings for a very targeted uh

162
00:06:47,529 --> 00:06:43,979
communities but the the link here is

163
00:06:50,689 --> 00:06:47,539

vertical farming is a very good

164

00:06:53,570 --> 00:06:50,699

proxy for learning how to grow plants in

165

00:06:55,969 --> 00:06:53,580

really small spaces under really tight

166

00:06:57,830 --> 00:06:55,979

light and temperature controls that

167

00:07:01,490 --> 00:06:57,840

would extrapolate to growing on the

168

00:07:02,990 --> 00:07:01,500

surface of Mars or in a habitat on on

169

00:07:04,790 --> 00:07:03,000

the moon

170

00:07:06,170 --> 00:07:04,800

oh that's wonderful yeah there's there's

171

00:07:08,570 --> 00:07:06,180

so much we need to know for better

172

00:07:10,550 --> 00:07:08,580

growing food in our spacecraft you know

173

00:07:13,010 --> 00:07:10,560

we've now grown plants on the ISS that

174

00:07:15,290 --> 00:07:13,020

astronauts have eaten you know homegrown

175

00:07:17,629 --> 00:07:15,300

food on the ISS but it feels like that

176

00:07:18,830 --> 00:07:17,639

realm is still kind of developing

177

00:07:20,990 --> 00:07:18,840

um what do you think are some of the key

178

00:07:23,270 --> 00:07:21,000

things we need to know right now for the

179

00:07:25,129 --> 00:07:23,280

next maybe decade or two and when it

180

00:07:27,469 --> 00:07:25,139

comes to growing plants on a space

181

00:07:30,710 --> 00:07:27,479

station moon or on Mars

182

00:07:33,529 --> 00:07:30,720

right well uh the number one thing is

183

00:07:35,029 --> 00:07:33,539

that uh I I think a lot of your viewers

184

00:07:37,909 --> 00:07:35,039

are probably seeing a lot of very

185

00:07:40,430 --> 00:07:37,919

complex illustrations artist renderings

186

00:07:43,730 --> 00:07:40,440

of a moon base with a very complex

187

00:07:46,610 --> 00:07:43,740

agricultural system inside or Mars base

188

00:07:50,089 --> 00:07:46,620

with something similar but that's the

189

00:07:53,689 --> 00:07:50,099

target that's the goal 10 20 years down

190

00:07:55,850 --> 00:07:53,699

the road right now though we're really

191

00:07:58,189 --> 00:07:55,860

focused we being the community of

192

00:08:00,650 --> 00:07:58,199

astrobiology and plant biology in space

193

00:08:03,230 --> 00:08:00,660

we're really focused on trying to

194

00:08:05,270 --> 00:08:03,240

optimize plant growth in the

195

00:08:08,029 --> 00:08:05,280

microgravity environment on Space

196

00:08:09,529 --> 00:08:08,039

Station uh the number of plant growing

197

00:08:12,770 --> 00:08:09,539

systems have been developed they've

198

00:08:15,589 --> 00:08:12,780

flown and to me as a plant pathologist

199

00:08:18,469 --> 00:08:15,599

one of the most intriguing issues that

200

00:08:20,990 --> 00:08:18,479

is does not have a lot of research is

201
00:08:23,210 --> 00:08:21,000
how do the microorganisms present in

202
00:08:25,610 --> 00:08:23,220
let's say the space station or

203
00:08:28,369 --> 00:08:25,620
eventually those same microorganisms

204
00:08:30,770 --> 00:08:28,379
might be in a a biogenerative life

205
00:08:32,630 --> 00:08:30,780
support system on the moon or Mars how

206
00:08:35,630 --> 00:08:32,640
do those microbes interact with the

207
00:08:38,570 --> 00:08:35,640
plants and is the space environment so

208
00:08:41,089 --> 00:08:38,580
stressful to the plants that host

209
00:08:43,969 --> 00:08:41,099
resistance that we normally expect from

210
00:08:46,430 --> 00:08:43,979
a plant would that break down because of

211
00:08:48,470 --> 00:08:46,440
the stresses in microgravity and that's

212
00:08:51,110 --> 00:08:48,480
an area that I'm actively doing research

213
00:08:53,810 --> 00:08:51,120

right now and it's it's quite enjoyable

214

00:08:56,210 --> 00:08:53,820

and and quite challenging that's

215

00:08:58,310 --> 00:08:56,220

fantastic and I I do want to talk then a

216

00:08:59,509 --> 00:08:58,320

bit about how things will survive on

217

00:09:00,949 --> 00:08:59,519

Mars

218

00:09:02,870 --> 00:09:00,959

um you know Earth life we we are

219

00:09:04,310 --> 00:09:02,880

protected here on our planet by this

220

00:09:06,710 --> 00:09:04,320

beautiful magnetic field that's

221

00:09:08,810 --> 00:09:06,720

generated by the Dynamo of the outer

222

00:09:10,790 --> 00:09:08,820

core of our world you know and I think

223

00:09:12,170 --> 00:09:10,800

some people forget sometimes that you

224

00:09:14,509 --> 00:09:12,180

know astronauts and other terrestrial

225

00:09:16,430 --> 00:09:14,519

organisms going to Mars they're going to

226

00:09:18,350 --> 00:09:16,440

face a different radiation environment

227

00:09:20,750 --> 00:09:18,360

at the surface of Mars as well as things

228

00:09:22,070 --> 00:09:20,760

like the very low pressure the much

229

00:09:24,590 --> 00:09:22,080

lower temperature it's an average of

230

00:09:26,210 --> 00:09:24,600

negative 90 Fahrenheit at the surface of

231

00:09:28,310 --> 00:09:26,220

Mars even though that does drastically

232

00:09:30,050 --> 00:09:28,320

change around the world

233

00:09:31,910 --> 00:09:30,060

um but first for our audience who are

234

00:09:33,530 --> 00:09:31,920

watching live we have a quick pull to

235

00:09:35,389 --> 00:09:33,540

drop in the YouTube chat for those of

236

00:09:37,130 --> 00:09:35,399

you who are watching right now

237

00:09:39,170 --> 00:09:37,140

um we have a question about radiation

238

00:09:41,630 --> 00:09:39,180

and how it affects not just humans but

239

00:09:44,750 --> 00:09:41,640

some of the extremophiles of our world

240

00:09:46,910 --> 00:09:44,760

as well so we humans we get sick with

241

00:09:48,470 --> 00:09:46,920

radiation when we get a dose that's

242

00:09:50,690 --> 00:09:48,480

actually pretty close to the dosage we

243

00:09:55,009 --> 00:09:50,700

would get on the surface of Mars around

244

00:09:56,810 --> 00:09:55,019

0.3 Grays or so a gray is one joule per

245

00:09:59,329 --> 00:09:56,820

kilogram that's the absorbed dose of

246

00:10:00,829 --> 00:09:59,339

radiation and so our question for you in

247

00:10:02,870 --> 00:10:00,839

the YouTube chat and we'll come back to

248

00:10:05,050 --> 00:10:02,880

this in a little bit is how much

249

00:10:08,269 --> 00:10:05,060

radiation do you think the extremophile

250

00:10:09,590 --> 00:10:08,279

dinococcus radio durans can handle and

251
00:10:11,690 --> 00:10:09,600
you'll see the answers popping up right

252
00:10:13,009 --> 00:10:11,700
now in your chat uh Andrew and I can't

253
00:10:14,449 --> 00:10:13,019
see those answers but we'll come back to

254
00:10:15,949 --> 00:10:14,459
that in a little bit

255
00:10:17,090 --> 00:10:15,959
um okay Andrew from you I just want to

256
00:10:18,590 --> 00:10:17,100
hear you know what your what your

257
00:10:20,870 --> 00:10:18,600
research has been kind of looking in

258
00:10:23,030 --> 00:10:20,880
this realm of survival and growth and

259
00:10:25,430 --> 00:10:23,040
the adaptation organisms have had to use

260
00:10:29,150 --> 00:10:25,440
to survive in Martian conditions

261
00:10:30,949 --> 00:10:29,160
all right so I sent a slide uh with the

262
00:10:35,030 --> 00:10:30,959
Mars chamber on it if you could just pop

263
00:10:36,949 --> 00:10:35,040

that up briefly uh I I've designed and

264

00:10:38,930 --> 00:10:36,959

built a mar simulation chamber here in

265

00:10:42,590 --> 00:10:38,940

my lab I've been working with it almost

266

00:10:44,810 --> 00:10:42,600

20 years and it is able to to recreate

267

00:10:47,269 --> 00:10:44,820

five conditions on the surface of the

268

00:10:49,370 --> 00:10:47,279

current Demars low pressure which is

269

00:10:52,250 --> 00:10:49,380

around seven millibars I'm in Florida

270

00:10:54,530 --> 00:10:52,260

near the sea level uh near sea level so

271

00:10:57,949 --> 00:10:54,540

I'm breathing right now 1000 and 15

272

00:11:01,130 --> 00:10:57,959

millibars but the surface of Mars

273

00:11:03,949 --> 00:11:01,140

is actually seven to ten millibar so

274

00:11:06,470 --> 00:11:03,959

it's less than one percent of sea level

275

00:11:09,889 --> 00:11:06,480

pressure on Earth uh so that's the first

276

00:11:11,509 --> 00:11:09,899

Factor second is UV irradiation very

277

00:11:13,550 --> 00:11:11,519

strong ultraviolet irradiation

278

00:11:16,790 --> 00:11:13,560

environment on Mars because there's

279

00:11:18,530 --> 00:11:16,800

literally no ozone layer uh in the

280

00:11:20,810 --> 00:11:18,540

Martian atmosphere which allows a lot of

281

00:11:24,350 --> 00:11:20,820

the biocidal UV to hit the surface

282

00:11:26,630 --> 00:11:24,360

number three is temperature uh gas

283

00:11:28,370 --> 00:11:26,640

compositions number four and then the

284

00:11:31,130 --> 00:11:28,380

Mars chamber also has a way of

285

00:11:33,769 --> 00:11:31,140

simulating either dust free conditions

286

00:11:35,990 --> 00:11:33,779

on mars or Global dust storm conditions

287

00:11:37,850 --> 00:11:36,000

and everything in between so what I've

288

00:11:41,030 --> 00:11:37,860

done if you can then switch to me for a

289

00:11:43,210 --> 00:11:41,040

close-up I I have these little microbial

290

00:11:46,730 --> 00:11:43,220

sample holders this is just one example

291

00:11:49,910 --> 00:11:46,740

and this a little piece of aluminum in

292

00:11:52,730 --> 00:11:49,920

here is what's called a coupon and upon

293

00:11:54,470 --> 00:11:52,740

each of these coupons I would put a

294

00:11:56,750 --> 00:11:54,480

different bacterium and these are

295

00:11:58,970 --> 00:11:56,760

examples just with a felt tip Panda so

296

00:12:01,670 --> 00:11:58,980

they'll show up oh but if you could

297

00:12:04,730 --> 00:12:01,680

think the blue coupons are one species

298

00:12:07,009 --> 00:12:04,740

of bacterium uh and then the red is a

299

00:12:10,130 --> 00:12:07,019

different species I would place this

300

00:12:12,110 --> 00:12:10,140

inside the Mars chamber allow the

301

00:12:15,410 --> 00:12:12,120

ultraviolet irradiation to come down

302

00:12:18,769 --> 00:12:15,420

strike those samples and it's just

303

00:12:21,829 --> 00:12:18,779

looking for survival uh how well Can the

304

00:12:24,410 --> 00:12:21,839

bacteria and fungi survive just exposure

305

00:12:28,430 --> 00:12:24,420

to that solar ultraviolet or radiation

306

00:12:32,389 --> 00:12:28,440

and it turns out uh that if the

307

00:12:35,810 --> 00:12:32,399

bacterian fungi are exposed out on a

308

00:12:38,090 --> 00:12:35,820

flat surface or even if they're kind of

309

00:12:40,730 --> 00:12:38,100

shielded a little bit enough solar UV

310

00:12:43,610 --> 00:12:40,740

irradiation bounces around and Strikes

311

00:12:45,710 --> 00:12:43,620

them that populations as high as two or

312

00:12:48,350 --> 00:12:45,720

three million spores per square

313

00:12:51,889 --> 00:12:48,360

centimeter can be killed off within

314

00:12:55,190 --> 00:12:51,899

three or four hours on the surface of

315

00:12:57,170 --> 00:12:55,200

the Equator of Mars uh just within that

316

00:13:00,470 --> 00:12:57,180

first soul and if you didn't know a day

317

00:13:03,250 --> 00:13:00,480

on Mars is called the soul so in summary

318

00:13:05,810 --> 00:13:03,260

from a survival standpoint

319

00:13:07,970 --> 00:13:05,820

exposing bacteria and fungi just to the

320

00:13:10,190 --> 00:13:07,980

low pressure environment maybe we lose

321

00:13:11,569 --> 00:13:10,200

about 20 percent of a population over a

322

00:13:14,470 --> 00:13:11,579

few Souls

323

00:13:17,329 --> 00:13:14,480

if they're hit with solar UV irradiation

324

00:13:19,730 --> 00:13:17,339

uh they're killed off very very quickly

325

00:13:22,490 --> 00:13:19,740

but those are only two factors there's

326

00:13:24,769 --> 00:13:22,500

there's another 18 to 20 factors that

327

00:13:28,069 --> 00:13:24,779

have been discussed for the service of

328

00:13:30,310 --> 00:13:28,079

Mars High salts in the soil volatile

329

00:13:35,030 --> 00:13:30,320

oxidants in the soil and atmosphere

330

00:13:36,889 --> 00:13:35,040

solar UV radiation solar particle events

331

00:13:39,230 --> 00:13:36,899

from the Sun that might strike the

332

00:13:42,530 --> 00:13:39,240

planet and I won't go on but there's at

333

00:13:45,590 --> 00:13:42,540

least 20 biocidal factors all of them

334

00:13:48,769 --> 00:13:45,600

working synergistically to reduce the

335

00:13:51,949 --> 00:13:48,779

population of spores cells of both

336

00:13:54,110 --> 00:13:51,959

bacteria and fungi on the spacecraft

337

00:13:55,430 --> 00:13:54,120

well that's rather incredible and so I

338

00:13:56,870 --> 00:13:55,440

will come back to our Poll for our

339

00:13:57,949 --> 00:13:56,880

audience then with that too since you

340

00:13:59,509 --> 00:13:57,959

just said you know some of these spores

341

00:14:01,190 --> 00:13:59,519

will Thrive like you know you have this

342

00:14:02,569 --> 00:14:01,200

slow kind of process so something's

343

00:14:04,310 --> 00:14:02,579

dying off

344

00:14:05,930 --> 00:14:04,320

um when it comes to life on Earth there

345

00:14:07,550 --> 00:14:05,940

are different kind of ways for for

346

00:14:09,410 --> 00:14:07,560

organisms to adapt to the radiation

347

00:14:10,610 --> 00:14:09,420

environment for instance in different

348

00:14:12,110 --> 00:14:10,620

places

349

00:14:14,629 --> 00:14:12,120

um E coli for instance can actually take

350

00:14:15,769 --> 00:14:14,639

a much larger dose than humans can

351

00:14:18,650 --> 00:14:15,779

um I think the last I read was something

352

00:14:20,629 --> 00:14:18,660

like 200 to 700 Grays was kind of a an

353

00:14:22,009 --> 00:14:20,639

average decent dose that E coli could

354

00:14:24,470 --> 00:14:22,019

still thrive in which is higher than the

355

00:14:26,389 --> 00:14:24,480

Martian surface for our Poll for

356

00:14:27,949 --> 00:14:26,399

dinococcus radio durans which by the way

357

00:14:30,410 --> 00:14:27,959

still holds the record that we know of

358

00:14:32,269 --> 00:14:30,420

for a radiation dose it looks like most

359

00:14:35,629 --> 00:14:32,279

of our respondents said either a hundred

360

00:14:38,269 --> 00:14:35,639

Grays or a thousand Grays but indeed the

361

00:14:41,449 --> 00:14:38,279

answer was five thousand plus they can

362

00:14:43,730 --> 00:14:41,459

take a dose well over 5 000 times what

363

00:14:46,129 --> 00:14:43,740

would get a human sick and still Thrive

364

00:14:48,650 --> 00:14:46,139

even tartar grades have been put into 4

365

00:14:50,870 --> 00:14:48,660

000 gray dose environments and have

366

00:14:51,889 --> 00:14:50,880

survived and so this is you know that

367

00:14:53,870 --> 00:14:51,899

those are very high radiation

368

00:14:56,389 --> 00:14:53,880

environments we put dinocoxious radio

369

00:14:59,030 --> 00:14:56,399

durans into the the cooling fluid from

370

00:15:02,329 --> 00:14:59,040

from nuclear radioactive uh Radioactive

371

00:15:04,730 --> 00:15:02,339

uh uh plants for energy and they've

372

00:15:06,290 --> 00:15:04,740

survived inside of that cooling fluid

373

00:15:08,389 --> 00:15:06,300

um and so you know these things can take

374

00:15:10,009 --> 00:15:08,399

a pretty hard blast but then you start

375

00:15:11,569 --> 00:15:10,019

adding in all these other conditions

376

00:15:13,670 --> 00:15:11,579

just like Dr sugar mentioned you know

377

00:15:16,009 --> 00:15:13,680

with the low pressure and then salts and

378

00:15:17,629 --> 00:15:16,019

the soil different gas compositions dust

379

00:15:19,730 --> 00:15:17,639

and those are the things that we need to

380

00:15:21,590 --> 00:15:19,740

study together in a systems approach and

381

00:15:24,110 --> 00:15:21,600

so it's really cool your lab is doing

382

00:15:26,030 --> 00:15:24,120

that with this Mars chamber have there

383

00:15:28,069 --> 00:15:26,040

been any really kind of exciting or

384

00:15:30,110 --> 00:15:28,079

surprising results maybe from that

385

00:15:33,110 --> 00:15:30,120

research with the Mars chamber

386

00:15:35,210 --> 00:15:33,120

uh well I I can't go and answer that

387

00:15:37,850 --> 00:15:35,220

question until I make one comment on

388

00:15:39,829 --> 00:15:37,860

dinococcus radio durans I was sort of

389

00:15:42,170 --> 00:15:39,839

shuffling around there just a moment ago

390

00:15:44,509 --> 00:15:42,180

because I literally downloaded a paper

391

00:15:47,509 --> 00:15:44,519

this morning that talked about radio

392

00:15:49,810 --> 00:15:47,519

dinococcus radio durans surviving

393

00:15:54,050 --> 00:15:49,820

exposure up to

394

00:15:56,210 --> 00:15:54,060

120 kilograms now a kilogram is a

395

00:16:00,350 --> 00:15:56,220

thousand gray so that would be a hundred

396

00:16:03,949 --> 00:16:00,360

and twenty thousand Grays the reason why

397

00:16:06,829 --> 00:16:03,959

humans have sort of like a buy I have a

398

00:16:10,310 --> 00:16:06,839

a very severe reaction to even extremely

399

00:16:12,710 --> 00:16:10,320

low dosage of of radiation is that that

400

00:16:15,310 --> 00:16:12,720

radiation is exposing billions and

401

00:16:17,870 --> 00:16:15,320

billions of cells in our body

402

00:16:20,750 --> 00:16:17,880

whereas a bacterium is a single cell

403

00:16:23,569 --> 00:16:20,760

sitting out on a Surface so you have to

404

00:16:26,329 --> 00:16:23,579

get the intensity dramatically higher to

405

00:16:28,730 --> 00:16:26,339

get that same lethality it's just a body

406

00:16:30,889 --> 00:16:28,740

mass issue that's that's uh the

407

00:16:33,650 --> 00:16:30,899

difference between human survival and a

408

00:16:35,389 --> 00:16:33,660

bacterium surviving so I digress what

409

00:16:37,129 --> 00:16:35,399

was the question well that's a very good

410

00:16:39,110 --> 00:16:37,139

point so we we did see that paper as

411

00:16:40,610 --> 00:16:39,120

well and planning for this episode and

412

00:16:43,009 --> 00:16:40,620

it was just so shocking that the

413

00:16:45,350 --> 00:16:43,019

radiation dose was that High

414

00:16:46,550 --> 00:16:45,360

um that we just did 5000 plus

415

00:16:47,990 --> 00:16:46,560

um you know and so there's some more

416

00:16:51,170 --> 00:16:48,000

results to support that conclusion but

417

00:16:52,790 --> 00:16:51,180

there's a rather incredible conclusion

418

00:16:54,829 --> 00:16:52,800

um but I think you know my big question

419

00:16:57,050 --> 00:16:54,839

using this Mars chamber you know really

420

00:16:59,150 --> 00:16:57,060

having kind of the systems approach now

421

00:17:00,470 --> 00:16:59,160

to multiple different scenarios you know

422

00:17:03,230 --> 00:17:00,480

these these five different conditions

423

00:17:05,390 --> 00:17:03,240

that we made experience on Mars right

424

00:17:07,370 --> 00:17:05,400

had any really you know surprising or

425

00:17:09,770 --> 00:17:07,380

drastic results that kind of changed how

426

00:17:14,150 --> 00:17:09,780

you're thinking about life on Mars

427

00:17:16,909 --> 00:17:14,160

yes uh oh about 10 12 years ago I

428

00:17:19,610 --> 00:17:16,919

started research moving from survival

429

00:17:23,090 --> 00:17:19,620

which is in my view survival is a term

430

00:17:26,350 --> 00:17:23,100

that I would use for dormant or inactive

431

00:17:28,909 --> 00:17:26,360

cells or spores persisting through time

432

00:17:31,250 --> 00:17:28,919

uh they don't have to replicate they're

433

00:17:34,130 --> 00:17:31,260

not taking in nutrients metabolizing and

434

00:17:36,890 --> 00:17:34,140

dividing so survival could just be a

435

00:17:39,169 --> 00:17:36,900

dormant cell lasting a long time

436

00:17:41,210 --> 00:17:39,179

I did a lot of work with survival under

437

00:17:42,950 --> 00:17:41,220

in the Mars chamber and under UV

438

00:17:44,870 --> 00:17:42,960

irradiation and vacuum and temperature

439

00:17:46,789 --> 00:17:44,880

extremes and then I started getting

440

00:17:48,710 --> 00:17:46,799

interested in bacterial growth

441

00:17:50,770 --> 00:17:48,720

metabolism and growth

442

00:17:53,210 --> 00:17:50,780

and so I was interested in in

443

00:17:56,630 --> 00:17:53,220

determining at seven millibars of

444

00:17:58,490 --> 00:17:56,640

pressure at a zero centigrade and with

445

00:18:01,730 --> 00:17:58,500

enough liquid water present to keep

446

00:18:04,970 --> 00:18:01,740

cells hydrated could any terrestrial

447

00:18:07,850 --> 00:18:04,980

bacteria actually metabolize and grow

448

00:18:10,190 --> 00:18:07,860

under these Martian surface conditions

449

00:18:13,010 --> 00:18:10,200

and I did experiment after experiment

450

00:18:15,650 --> 00:18:13,020

bacterium after bacterium and I

451

00:18:17,810 --> 00:18:15,660

literally was just ready to say okay

452

00:18:19,490 --> 00:18:17,820

I've tried to write a paper that says

453

00:18:23,690 --> 00:18:19,500

nothing grew under Martian conditions

454

00:18:26,750 --> 00:18:23,700

and the very last bacterium I tested

455

00:18:29,150 --> 00:18:26,760

actually grew under the low pressure low

456

00:18:32,090 --> 00:18:29,160

temperature and gas composition in the

457

00:18:34,549 --> 00:18:32,100

assays so it was a really pleasant

458

00:18:36,770 --> 00:18:34,559

surprise and once you establish a

459

00:18:38,690 --> 00:18:36,780

protocol that confirmed that this

460

00:18:41,570 --> 00:18:38,700

bacterium's name by the way is serratia

461

00:18:44,630 --> 00:18:41,580

liquidations it's a non-spore forming

462

00:18:47,450 --> 00:18:44,640

bacteria found in spacecraft and on

463

00:18:50,150 --> 00:18:47,460

surfaces of Hardware mainly Hardware

464

00:18:52,330 --> 00:18:50,160

associated with human activity like on

465

00:18:55,730 --> 00:18:52,340

the space station or Apollo spacecraft

466

00:18:58,210 --> 00:18:55,740

Skylab things like that but in any event

467

00:19:00,710 --> 00:18:58,220

once you have I have the basic protocol

468

00:19:02,510 --> 00:19:00,720

that I know something will grow under

469

00:19:04,970 --> 00:19:02,520

motion distance then we could start

470

00:19:08,090 --> 00:19:04,980

going through large numbers of bacteria

471

00:19:11,750 --> 00:19:08,100

a lot faster and to date we've

472

00:19:15,950 --> 00:19:11,760

identified approximately 30 bacteria but

473

00:19:17,890 --> 00:19:15,960

no fungi so far that can grow metabolize

474

00:19:20,390 --> 00:19:17,900

and grow under low pressure

475

00:19:23,029 --> 00:19:20,400

hydrated conditions similar to the

476

00:19:25,970 --> 00:19:23,039

surface of Mars so that's that just with

477

00:19:28,070 --> 00:19:25,980

one bacterium one last test changed my

478

00:19:31,010 --> 00:19:28,080

whole perspective on what we what might

479

00:19:32,570 --> 00:19:31,020

be possible on the surface of Mars wow

480

00:19:34,070 --> 00:19:32,580

yeah you know instead of being Eureka it

481

00:19:35,810 --> 00:19:34,080

was a huh I didn't I didn't think that

482

00:19:37,970 --> 00:19:35,820

would happen kind of moment I love that

483

00:19:39,590 --> 00:19:37,980

so much and that kind of also then it's

484

00:19:41,690 --> 00:19:39,600

important for my next topic I kind of

485

00:19:43,549 --> 00:19:41,700

want to discuss here is the idea of

486

00:19:44,750 --> 00:19:43,559

forward contamination

487

00:19:46,909 --> 00:19:44,760

um you know there's a whole department

488

00:19:48,110 --> 00:19:46,919

an office at Nasa that does planetary

489

00:19:49,730 --> 00:19:48,120

protection

490

00:19:51,130 --> 00:19:49,740

um figuring out you know how do we you

491

00:19:53,570 --> 00:19:51,140

know just not not only avoid

492

00:19:55,250 --> 00:19:53,580

contaminating Earth with possible things

493

00:19:57,230 --> 00:19:55,260

from elsewhere but how do we avoid

494

00:19:59,750 --> 00:19:57,240

taking Earth life and contaminating

495

00:20:01,730 --> 00:19:59,760

other places and you know no matter how

496

00:20:04,070 --> 00:20:01,740

much we try to clean our cleanest clean

497

00:20:06,169 --> 00:20:04,080

rooms are still going to have some some

498

00:20:08,510 --> 00:20:06,179

biology we're still going to send some

499

00:20:10,250 --> 00:20:08,520

things with our Rovers and when we send

500

00:20:12,350 --> 00:20:10,260

humans it gets even more crazy because

501
00:20:14,210 --> 00:20:12,360
you know we humans have a microbiome and

502
00:20:16,130 --> 00:20:14,220
we're shedding off organisms all the

503
00:20:18,110 --> 00:20:16,140
time not just our own cells but other

504
00:20:19,430 --> 00:20:18,120
organisms with us

505
00:20:21,289 --> 00:20:19,440
um and so you know we'll have this this

506
00:20:23,330 --> 00:20:21,299
moment when we get to Mars when humans

507
00:20:25,430 --> 00:20:23,340
start exploring especially where you

508
00:20:27,529 --> 00:20:25,440
know we are you know putting out Earthly

509
00:20:28,669 --> 00:20:27,539
organisms on the surface of Mars and I

510
00:20:30,770 --> 00:20:28,679
know you've done some work in that

511
00:20:33,529 --> 00:20:30,780
looking at at how we're going to have

512
00:20:34,610 --> 00:20:33,539
some issues with forward contamination

513
00:20:36,590 --> 00:20:34,620

um I wonder if you can speak to that

514

00:20:38,450 --> 00:20:36,600

issue with how we might you know try to

515

00:20:40,310 --> 00:20:38,460

avoid you know dumping a bunch of

516

00:20:42,110 --> 00:20:40,320

organisms on mars or or can we even

517

00:20:44,810 --> 00:20:42,120

avoid that at all

518

00:20:46,370 --> 00:20:44,820

well uh we have to step back a little

519

00:20:47,990 --> 00:20:46,380

bit before we go to that specific

520

00:20:50,930 --> 00:20:48,000

question

521

00:20:53,090 --> 00:20:50,940

um look at any image of a Rover like the

522

00:20:56,750 --> 00:20:53,100

perseverance we're over right now or

523

00:20:59,330 --> 00:20:56,760

curiosity uh and you see this structure

524

00:21:01,789 --> 00:20:59,340

these very fairly large structures with

525

00:21:03,650 --> 00:21:01,799

all these little nooks and crannies in

526

00:21:06,289 --> 00:21:03,660

it uh

527

00:21:08,510 --> 00:21:06,299

but if everybody's got to kind of keep

528

00:21:10,669 --> 00:21:08,520

in mind that even if there are bacteria

529

00:21:13,549 --> 00:21:10,679

and maybe a few fungi and a few of the

530

00:21:16,850 --> 00:21:13,559

prokaryotes called archaea if those are

531

00:21:19,789 --> 00:21:16,860

all present on the surface that surface

532

00:21:23,289 --> 00:21:19,799

is being immediately bathed on as soon

533

00:21:26,870 --> 00:21:23,299

as it lands in an extremely strong

534

00:21:30,190 --> 00:21:26,880

ultraviolet radiation environment and

535

00:21:32,750 --> 00:21:30,200

photons of light are incredibly small

536

00:21:35,870 --> 00:21:32,760

scientific Community doesn't even have a

537

00:21:38,810 --> 00:21:35,880

consensus on how big they are the best

538

00:21:42,830 --> 00:21:38,820

eye estimate I have is 10 to the minus

539

00:21:44,930 --> 00:21:42,840

18 centimeters as the upper limit of how

540

00:21:47,870 --> 00:21:44,940

big they might be it's believed to be

541

00:21:50,210 --> 00:21:47,880

much smaller so these incredibly tiny

542

00:21:53,210 --> 00:21:50,220

little energy packets can get into

543

00:21:55,190 --> 00:21:53,220

almost every pit every crack Bounce

544

00:21:58,490 --> 00:21:55,200

Around bounce off of one surface to get

545

00:22:01,490 --> 00:21:58,500

into a shaded area and I've been doing

546

00:22:03,230 --> 00:22:01,500

modeling several papers out working with

547

00:22:07,669 --> 00:22:03,240

other colleagues to try to push the

548

00:22:10,490 --> 00:22:07,679

modeling and the UV environment alone is

549

00:22:12,890 --> 00:22:10,500

so strong on the surface of Mars most of

550

00:22:16,190 --> 00:22:12,900

these surfaces of spacecraft and rovers

551
00:22:19,070 --> 00:22:16,200
are being sterilized within a few souls

552
00:22:21,049 --> 00:22:19,080
for the upper deck and maybe a few

553
00:22:24,049 --> 00:22:21,059
months for the stuff that's underneath

554
00:22:27,190 --> 00:22:24,059
on the belly of the spacecraft so it's

555
00:22:31,310 --> 00:22:27,200
not the bacteria are not lasting for

556
00:22:33,830 --> 00:22:31,320
Generations uh it's very likely that the

557
00:22:36,470 --> 00:22:33,840
microbiota on these Rovers is being

558
00:22:38,510 --> 00:22:36,480
inactivated very quickly okay so we

559
00:22:41,510 --> 00:22:38,520
pause there now let's look at human

560
00:22:44,450 --> 00:22:41,520
missions human missions yes humans will

561
00:22:46,789 --> 00:22:44,460
have a much richer biome that they will

562
00:22:48,649 --> 00:22:46,799
bring with them but that biome is

563
00:22:51,470 --> 00:22:48,659

contained within a habitat

564

00:22:53,930 --> 00:22:51,480

and when they go out and do an Eva it's

565

00:22:55,250 --> 00:22:53,940

can that microbiome is contained within

566

00:22:57,890 --> 00:22:55,260

their spacesuits

567

00:23:00,770 --> 00:22:57,900

so when an astronaut just can think of

568

00:23:02,690 --> 00:23:00,780

this as uh just conceptually they may

569

00:23:06,350 --> 00:23:02,700

have contamination on the outside of

570

00:23:08,990 --> 00:23:06,360

their uh spacesuit they walk out into

571

00:23:11,630 --> 00:23:09,000

that incredibly Rich intense UV

572

00:23:14,149 --> 00:23:11,640

environment on Mars we're not going to

573

00:23:17,149 --> 00:23:14,159

do Evas at night because of temperature

574

00:23:19,190 --> 00:23:17,159

issues it's and lighting issues so it'll

575

00:23:20,750 --> 00:23:19,200

almost always be done in the daytime

576
00:23:24,230 --> 00:23:20,760
and that

577
00:23:27,289 --> 00:23:24,240
the data from multiple Labs supports a

578
00:23:30,529 --> 00:23:27,299
conclusion that most of the microbiomes

579
00:23:33,169 --> 00:23:30,539
on the outside surfaces of objects on

580
00:23:34,310 --> 00:23:33,179
Mars can be sterilized within a few

581
00:23:37,669 --> 00:23:34,320
hours

582
00:23:40,549 --> 00:23:37,679
on one Soul so if an astronaut goes out

583
00:23:42,049 --> 00:23:40,559
for eight hours nine hours of an Eva on

584
00:23:44,090 --> 00:23:42,059
the surface of Mars

585
00:23:46,490 --> 00:23:44,100
his outside or her outside of that

586
00:23:48,710 --> 00:23:46,500
spacesuit might be sterilized during the

587
00:23:51,649 --> 00:23:48,720
middle of it by the time he gets to the

588
00:23:55,010 --> 00:23:51,659

four hour mark in uh

589

00:23:57,590 --> 00:23:55,020

in his Eva so I'm not that concerned

590

00:24:01,010 --> 00:23:57,600

we're going to overtly ruin the surface

591

00:24:04,130 --> 00:24:01,020

and contaminate the service I think the

592

00:24:07,010 --> 00:24:04,140

more intriguing issue is how do we

593

00:24:07,850 --> 00:24:07,020

prevent bringing stuff back that might

594

00:24:12,230 --> 00:24:07,860

have

595

00:24:14,570 --> 00:24:12,240

a martian microbiota on it uh because we

596

00:24:15,710 --> 00:24:14,580

don't we don't know if one exists and if

597

00:24:17,510 --> 00:24:15,720

it does we don't know the

598

00:24:19,909 --> 00:24:17,520

characteristics of that life so that's

599

00:24:22,010 --> 00:24:19,919

back contamination I'm not so worried

600

00:24:24,409 --> 00:24:22,020

about forward contamination I'm a little

601
00:24:26,810 --> 00:24:24,419
bit more interested now on what might

602
00:24:29,750 --> 00:24:26,820
happen bringing a martian microbiota

603
00:24:31,190 --> 00:24:29,760
back to Earth if it's present which we

604
00:24:33,649 --> 00:24:31,200
don't it's a very good point we're going

605
00:24:34,669 --> 00:24:33,659
to do Mars sample return soon

606
00:24:37,130 --> 00:24:34,679
um starting with the samples being

607
00:24:39,169 --> 00:24:37,140
cached right now from perseverance but

608
00:24:40,190 --> 00:24:39,179
very likely in the not too distant

609
00:24:41,690 --> 00:24:40,200
future

610
00:24:43,430 --> 00:24:41,700
um maybe not you know tomorrow but in

611
00:24:45,289 --> 00:24:43,440
the next you know a couple of decades

612
00:24:47,149 --> 00:24:45,299
once humans do go to Mars we'll most

613
00:24:48,710 --> 00:24:47,159

likely bring humans back from Mars too

614

00:24:49,669 --> 00:24:48,720

eventually

615

00:24:51,770 --> 00:24:49,679

um and they'll probably bring some

616

00:24:54,110 --> 00:24:51,780

samples back with them and so that

617

00:24:55,430 --> 00:24:54,120

possibility is really important I do

618

00:24:57,649 --> 00:24:55,440

want to bring up another Twitter poll

619

00:24:58,310 --> 00:24:57,659

that we had uh through the NASA oh go

620

00:24:59,930 --> 00:24:58,320

ahead

621

00:25:02,870 --> 00:24:59,940

I was just going to say one other

622

00:25:03,890 --> 00:25:02,880

important point though is that

623

00:25:06,409 --> 00:25:03,900

um

624

00:25:09,950 --> 00:25:06,419

absence of data

625

00:25:12,350 --> 00:25:09,960

does not confirm anything

626

00:25:14,930 --> 00:25:12,360

so as a scientist you have to just say

627

00:25:17,390 --> 00:25:14,940

there's no data to say this

628

00:25:21,649 --> 00:25:17,400

now don't conclude something from that

629

00:25:23,510 --> 00:25:21,659

lack of data it's just no data and so

630

00:25:26,149 --> 00:25:23,520

you keep your options open you think of

631

00:25:28,430 --> 00:25:26,159

all the possibilities but it is it is

632

00:25:31,250 --> 00:25:28,440

equally plausible that the surface of

633

00:25:32,750 --> 00:25:31,260

Mars and all the regolith is literally

634

00:25:40,730 --> 00:25:32,760

sterilized

635

00:25:44,510 --> 00:25:40,740

those 20 volocital factors that is as

636

00:25:48,130 --> 00:25:44,520

equally plausible as some life form that

637

00:25:52,370 --> 00:25:48,140

evolved three billion years ago actually

638

00:25:54,490 --> 00:25:52,380

uh persisting in learning how to to grow

639

00:25:58,970 --> 00:25:54,500

metabolize and evolve on the surface

640

00:26:00,830 --> 00:25:58,980

equal no data so that's we we don't jump

641

00:26:03,950 --> 00:26:00,840

to either one of those as a scientist

642

00:26:05,110 --> 00:26:03,960

and the same thing should hold for the

643

00:26:10,970 --> 00:26:05,120

uh

644

00:26:12,230 --> 00:26:10,980

are going to help decide the protocols

645

00:26:13,549 --> 00:26:12,240

for both forward and backward

646

00:26:15,529 --> 00:26:13,559

contamination

647

00:26:17,810 --> 00:26:15,539

absolutely

648

00:26:20,090 --> 00:26:17,820

um so I will say uh of our audience we

649

00:26:22,730 --> 00:26:20,100

we did ask through Twitter uh through

650

00:26:24,289 --> 00:26:22,740

the at Nasa astrobio Twitter account we

651
00:26:25,730 --> 00:26:24,299
we asked people what they thought would

652
00:26:27,890 --> 00:26:25,740
be the most important obstacle that

653
00:26:29,930 --> 00:26:27,900
Earth life might face on Mars with

654
00:26:33,049 --> 00:26:29,940
options like radiation low gravity low

655
00:26:34,789 --> 00:26:33,059
temperature the very dry conditions and

656
00:26:36,649 --> 00:26:34,799
you know overwhelmingly people said

657
00:26:38,149 --> 00:26:36,659
radiation

658
00:26:39,590 --> 00:26:38,159
um was the largest factor they think

659
00:26:41,510 --> 00:26:39,600
would be an issue out of these other

660
00:26:43,430 --> 00:26:41,520
possible factors

661
00:26:46,370 --> 00:26:43,440
um so do you think you know if there was

662
00:26:48,590 --> 00:26:46,380
Martian biota in the distant past that

663
00:26:50,630 --> 00:26:48,600

may still be alive or went extinct long

664

00:26:52,970 --> 00:26:50,640

ago but if there were some possibility

665

00:26:54,769 --> 00:26:52,980

for there to be life on Mars do you

666

00:26:56,990 --> 00:26:54,779

think we'd have to get a sample from

667

00:26:59,630 --> 00:26:57,000

deeper down under the surface to avoid

668

00:27:01,970 --> 00:26:59,640

the radiation to really find any fines

669

00:27:04,130 --> 00:27:01,980

of any signs of possible past or present

670

00:27:06,289 --> 00:27:04,140

life that's Martian life

671

00:27:08,930 --> 00:27:06,299

uh okay so there's two types of

672

00:27:11,110 --> 00:27:08,940

radiation the radiation the way you're

673

00:27:14,450 --> 00:27:11,120

using the word refers to probably

674

00:27:17,990 --> 00:27:14,460

ionizing radiation this is like x-rays

675

00:27:21,590 --> 00:27:18,000

gamma rays protons helium atoms

676

00:27:25,149 --> 00:27:21,600

Etc uh very high energies uh and they

677

00:27:29,990 --> 00:27:25,159

can ionize molecules there's also the

678

00:27:32,570 --> 00:27:30,000

electromagnetic radiation of UV light so

679

00:27:34,730 --> 00:27:32,580

UV light in my view is the strongest

680

00:27:38,149 --> 00:27:34,740

biocidal Factor on the surface of Mars

681

00:27:39,370 --> 00:27:38,159

followed by desiccation low pressure and

682

00:27:41,710 --> 00:27:39,380

low temperature

683

00:27:44,810 --> 00:27:41,720

uh the

684

00:27:48,890 --> 00:27:44,820

ionizing radiation like gamma rays

685

00:27:51,409 --> 00:27:48,900

x-rays that dosage is relatively benign

686

00:27:53,870 --> 00:27:51,419

from the standpoint of bacterial

687

00:27:56,570 --> 00:27:53,880

survival based on Earth bacterial

688

00:27:58,190 --> 00:27:56,580

survival under various intensities of

689

00:28:02,110 --> 00:27:58,200

ionizing radiation

690

00:28:05,630 --> 00:28:02,120

so I think the radiation environment for

691

00:28:07,010 --> 00:28:05,640

inactivation on the surface is this UV

692

00:28:09,649 --> 00:28:07,020

irradiation

693

00:28:12,470 --> 00:28:09,659

the hard radiation or ionizing radiation

694

00:28:14,269 --> 00:28:12,480

is probably only a minor Factor unless

695

00:28:15,470 --> 00:28:14,279

you're talking about geological time

696

00:28:17,210 --> 00:28:15,480

periods

697

00:28:18,590 --> 00:28:17,220

intriguing yeah that's really good to

698

00:28:20,390 --> 00:28:18,600

know and a good reminder for our

699

00:28:22,610 --> 00:28:20,400

audience too about the processes that

700

00:28:25,310 --> 00:28:22,620

affect you know living things on Mars as

701

00:28:26,930 --> 00:28:25,320

well as possible things like Organics

702

00:28:28,850 --> 00:28:26,940

um and so we I do want to jump to our

703

00:28:30,590 --> 00:28:28,860

audience uh questions here as soon as I

704

00:28:31,610 --> 00:28:30,600

can but there are two more quick things

705

00:28:33,710 --> 00:28:31,620

I do want to bring up about your

706

00:28:36,470 --> 00:28:33,720

research that you've been working on uh

707

00:28:39,169 --> 00:28:36,480

either now or in the past and one has to

708

00:28:41,570 --> 00:28:39,179

do with with UV on the surface of Mars

709

00:28:44,029 --> 00:28:41,580

you've been doing some work recently on

710

00:28:46,789 --> 00:28:44,039

studying the processes of forming and

711

00:28:48,409 --> 00:28:46,799

breaking down methane at the surface of

712

00:28:49,789 --> 00:28:48,419

Mars and you know for those who are

713

00:28:51,350 --> 00:28:49,799

watching they might be aware that you

714

00:28:53,930 --> 00:28:51,360

know some years ago we had the first

715

00:28:56,510 --> 00:28:53,940

potential detections of methane in large

716

00:28:58,070 --> 00:28:56,520

plumes the the Martian surface and now

717

00:29:00,110 --> 00:28:58,080

more recently we've had more

718

00:29:01,430 --> 00:29:00,120

confirmation of methane at the surface

719

00:29:03,470 --> 00:29:01,440

of Mars

720

00:29:04,909 --> 00:29:03,480

um so so what has your research been in

721

00:29:06,350 --> 00:29:04,919

looking at this production and

722

00:29:07,610 --> 00:29:06,360

destructive process when it comes to

723

00:29:10,190 --> 00:29:07,620

methane

724

00:29:12,350 --> 00:29:10,200

all right so a number of years ago I

725

00:29:15,909 --> 00:29:12,360

worked with several other scientists to

726

00:29:18,169 --> 00:29:15,919

explore how the ultraviolet irradiation

727

00:29:19,130 --> 00:29:18,179

environment that hits the surface of

728

00:29:21,409 --> 00:29:19,140

Mars

729

00:29:25,010 --> 00:29:21,419

can't is it energetic enough does it

730

00:29:28,330 --> 00:29:25,020

have enough energy per photon to break

731

00:29:30,350 --> 00:29:28,340

Bonds in a methane in a organic compound

732

00:29:33,950 --> 00:29:30,360

releasing methane

733

00:29:37,010 --> 00:29:33,960

and it turns out that it does uh the

734

00:29:40,310 --> 00:29:37,020

exact mechanism uh if for which that

735

00:29:44,389 --> 00:29:40,320

that process occurs is not really worked

736

00:29:48,590 --> 00:29:44,399

out but it clearly our research clearly

737

00:29:51,730 --> 00:29:48,600

demonstrated uh that the ultraviolet

738

00:29:55,010 --> 00:29:51,740

irradiation that reaches the surface can

739

00:29:56,389 --> 00:29:55,020

cleave or break down Organics in the

740

00:29:59,330 --> 00:29:56,399

surface environment and in the

741

00:30:02,570 --> 00:29:59,340

atmosphere releasing methane what's

742

00:30:06,950 --> 00:30:02,580

intriguing is that the Curiosity Rover

743

00:30:10,490 --> 00:30:06,960

with the uh an instrument called the MSL

744

00:30:13,430 --> 00:30:10,500

um I'm sorry called Sam Dash TLS which

745

00:30:16,310 --> 00:30:13,440

is an organic detection instrument with

746

00:30:18,590 --> 00:30:16,320

a specific tunable laser that it can

747

00:30:22,130 --> 00:30:18,600

detect methane very very small levels of

748

00:30:23,990 --> 00:30:22,140

methane it had a has had there's a

749

00:30:26,149 --> 00:30:24,000

number of papers published with this

750

00:30:28,450 --> 00:30:26,159

detection down in the parts per billion

751
00:30:32,049 --> 00:30:28,460
range so

752
00:30:35,450 --> 00:30:32,059
2017 15 years ago we had data from Earth

753
00:30:37,850 --> 00:30:35,460
telescopes of large plumes of methane in

754
00:30:41,029 --> 00:30:37,860
the Martian atmosphere followed with

755
00:30:43,789 --> 00:30:41,039
some skepticism by the community then

756
00:30:46,789 --> 00:30:43,799
the MSL rover Curiosity started

757
00:30:51,110 --> 00:30:46,799
detecting it and showing spikes in it in

758
00:30:53,750 --> 00:30:51,120
methane but then the trace gas Orbiter

759
00:30:58,430 --> 00:30:53,760
which is an Esa instrument or a

760
00:31:00,830 --> 00:30:58,440
spacecraft it is now completely gone

761
00:31:03,610 --> 00:31:00,840
negative on that methane story it cannot

762
00:31:06,350 --> 00:31:03,620
detect it and it's setting extremely low

763
00:31:09,190 --> 00:31:06,360

levels for methane in the bulk mesh and

764

00:31:11,350 --> 00:31:09,200

atmosphere so what I think is happening

765

00:31:14,630 --> 00:31:11,360

based on just the literature available

766

00:31:17,990 --> 00:31:14,640

is that the methane concentrations that

767

00:31:20,450 --> 00:31:18,000

are being detected by the Mars rover

768

00:31:23,690 --> 00:31:20,460

Curiosity could be very close to the

769

00:31:26,330 --> 00:31:23,700

ground maybe only up to a few tens of

770

00:31:27,830 --> 00:31:26,340

meters to a few hundreds of meters and

771

00:31:30,830 --> 00:31:27,840

then those are dissipated through the

772

00:31:33,430 --> 00:31:30,840

day and when the methane is diluted out

773

00:31:35,930 --> 00:31:33,440

in the bulk atmosphere

774

00:31:38,990 --> 00:31:35,940

then the trace gas Orbiter is having

775

00:31:41,630 --> 00:31:39,000

trouble seeing that methane now that's

776

00:31:43,970 --> 00:31:41,640

an open area of study but if we can

777

00:31:47,029 --> 00:31:43,980

confirm that methane exists

778

00:31:50,889 --> 00:31:47,039

we it has to constantly be resupplied

779

00:31:53,990 --> 00:31:50,899

because the solar UV

780

00:31:56,690 --> 00:31:54,000

breaks down methane which is what my

781

00:31:59,210 --> 00:31:56,700

research and others have shown uh so

782

00:32:01,190 --> 00:31:59,220

it's a very interesting topic because if

783

00:32:03,470 --> 00:32:01,200

it's there and we can confirm it it

784

00:32:06,430 --> 00:32:03,480

could be a biogenic signature or bio

785

00:32:10,130 --> 00:32:06,440

signature of some Subterranean

786

00:32:12,590 --> 00:32:10,140

methanogenic Community it might be three

787

00:32:16,549 --> 00:32:12,600

four kilometers down into the crust of

788

00:32:19,070 --> 00:32:16,559

Mars uh but if it's present it'll those

789

00:32:21,230 --> 00:32:19,080

those will seep out eventually and and

790

00:32:23,029 --> 00:32:21,240

that's what we might be seeing but I'm

791

00:32:25,250 --> 00:32:23,039

starting to get into speculation here so

792

00:32:27,529 --> 00:32:25,260

sticking with just the data we have

793

00:32:29,510 --> 00:32:27,539

these versus big plumes that are local

794

00:32:31,610 --> 00:32:29,520

detection now the trace gas Orbiter is

795

00:32:33,049 --> 00:32:31,620

saying well not so fast maybe it's not

796

00:32:35,090 --> 00:32:33,059

there

797

00:32:36,409 --> 00:32:35,100

yeah it's rather incredible and you know

798

00:32:37,909 --> 00:32:36,419

your career you've done so many

799

00:32:40,909 --> 00:32:37,919

different things and I love that about

800

00:32:42,610 --> 00:32:40,919

astrobiology you know myself everyone I

801
00:32:44,990 --> 00:32:42,620
speak to in the realm of astrobiology

802
00:32:47,029 --> 00:32:45,000
hasn't just focused on one individual

803
00:32:49,010 --> 00:32:47,039
topic we've you know kind of touched all

804
00:32:50,750 --> 00:32:49,020
these different areas

805
00:32:52,370 --> 00:32:50,760
um and an astrobiology itself you know

806
00:32:55,070 --> 00:32:52,380
that's kind of crucial when it comes to

807
00:32:57,049 --> 00:32:55,080
understanding the nature of life and and

808
00:32:58,669 --> 00:32:57,059
one thing you worked on in the past was

809
00:33:01,250 --> 00:32:58,679
this thing called Dart uh the dust

810
00:33:02,690 --> 00:33:01,260
atmospheric recovery technology

811
00:33:04,669 --> 00:33:02,700
um for kind of looking at plant and

812
00:33:07,430 --> 00:33:04,679
human pathogens in dust plumes coming

813
00:33:09,110 --> 00:33:07,440

from Africa coming across the world and

814

00:33:11,269 --> 00:33:09,120

kind of coming here and that really

815

00:33:12,889 --> 00:33:11,279

sparked my own interests a lot I've been

816

00:33:14,450 --> 00:33:12,899

involved in the past

817

00:33:17,389 --> 00:33:14,460

um with some undergraduate level

818

00:33:19,669 --> 00:33:17,399

research and looking at uh aerobiology

819

00:33:22,070 --> 00:33:19,679

and how organisms are lofted into the

820

00:33:25,490 --> 00:33:22,080

atmosphere and move around a very good

821

00:33:27,529 --> 00:33:25,500

friend of mine David Smith NASA Ames he

822

00:33:29,750 --> 00:33:27,539

did research during his PhD looking at

823

00:33:31,549 --> 00:33:29,760

organisms being lofted from the Gobi

824

00:33:32,990 --> 00:33:31,559

desert and for eight days making their

825

00:33:34,789 --> 00:33:33,000

way across the world and kind of variety

826

00:33:37,190 --> 00:33:34,799

driving you know through the atmosphere

827

00:33:38,990 --> 00:33:37,200

to California and then you know we've

828

00:33:41,210 --> 00:33:39,000

now learned that the way the Amazon

829

00:33:44,330 --> 00:33:41,220

rainforest is being fertilized with

830

00:33:46,190 --> 00:33:44,340

phosphorus is from dust from the Saharan

831

00:33:48,169 --> 00:33:46,200

region of Africa being lofted and coming

832

00:33:51,710 --> 00:33:48,179

over here and it shows this beautiful

833

00:33:52,730 --> 00:33:51,720

connection of life on Earth but then you

834

00:33:53,630 --> 00:33:52,740

know you were also involved in this

835

00:33:55,789 --> 00:33:53,640

realm of kind of thinking about

836

00:33:57,889 --> 00:33:55,799

pathogens for plants and humans being

837

00:33:59,690 --> 00:33:57,899

lofted up as well I wonder if you could

838

00:34:01,549 --> 00:33:59,700

838 speak about you know that research what

839

00:34:03,769 --> 00:34:01,559

intrigued you about it and maybe kind of

840

00:34:05,330 --> 00:34:03,779

your vision for these things moving

841

00:34:10,669 --> 00:34:05,340

around the planet and this connectivity

842

00:34:13,550 --> 00:34:10,679

of Life yeah exactly the the planet uh

843

00:34:17,149 --> 00:34:13,560

the planet's atmosphere circulates

844

00:34:18,950 --> 00:34:17,159

pretty much everywhere so if in theory

845

00:34:21,290 --> 00:34:18,960

something is present in the Saharan

846

00:34:23,210 --> 00:34:21,300

Desert that will eventually be

847

00:34:25,970 --> 00:34:23,220

recirculated all over the planet

848

00:34:28,310 --> 00:34:25,980

eventually dropping or depositing out in

849

00:34:31,010 --> 00:34:28,320

the Arctic regions and the equatorial

850

00:34:34,490 --> 00:34:31,020

regions and the amount of dust being

851
00:34:36,829 --> 00:34:34,500
moved from the Sahara to North America

852
00:34:39,710 --> 00:34:36,839
is quite dramatic just in Florida every

853
00:34:42,829 --> 00:34:39,720
year 50 million metric tons of dust

854
00:34:44,690 --> 00:34:42,839
comes from Africa usually in the months

855
00:34:47,149 --> 00:34:44,700
of July middle of July through the

856
00:34:48,649 --> 00:34:47,159
middle of September but over in the

857
00:34:50,930 --> 00:34:48,659
Northwest this would be Northern

858
00:34:53,270 --> 00:34:50,940
California Oregon and Washington State

859
00:34:56,210 --> 00:34:53,280
up into British Columbia uh they're

860
00:34:58,550 --> 00:34:56,220
getting about another 60 or 70 million

861
00:35:01,730 --> 00:34:58,560
metric tons of dust coming from the

862
00:35:03,589 --> 00:35:01,740
Chinese the Gobi desert in China so

863
00:35:05,570 --> 00:35:03,599

there's a large volume of it bringing a

864

00:35:07,790 --> 00:35:05,580

lot of nutrients most of the fertility

865

00:35:10,130 --> 00:35:07,800

not only in the Amazon but in the

866

00:35:12,950 --> 00:35:10,140

islands in the Caribbean are due from

867

00:35:15,290 --> 00:35:12,960

the minerals that are coming from over

868

00:35:18,170 --> 00:35:15,300

geological time have come from the

869

00:35:21,109 --> 00:35:18,180

Saharan Desert So This Global movement

870

00:35:23,890 --> 00:35:21,119

is very interesting and there's a

871

00:35:26,569 --> 00:35:23,900

concept called emerging pathogens

872

00:35:29,329 --> 00:35:26,579

and there are a lot of institutes that

873

00:35:31,970 --> 00:35:29,339

study emerging pathogens a pathogen that

874

00:35:34,670 --> 00:35:31,980

was not present in one area suddenly

875

00:35:36,890 --> 00:35:34,680

becomes very active it could be a plant

876

00:35:39,410 --> 00:35:36,900

pathogen it could be an animal pathogen

877

00:35:41,210 --> 00:35:39,420

it could be a pathogen to fish or

878

00:35:43,609 --> 00:35:41,220

aquatic ecosystems or it could be a

879

00:35:45,109 --> 00:35:43,619

human pathogen so I just became as a

880

00:35:47,390 --> 00:35:45,119

plant pathologist I became very

881

00:35:49,250 --> 00:35:47,400

intrigued on whether or not plant

882

00:35:51,349 --> 00:35:49,260

pathogens were being moved around in

883

00:35:53,390 --> 00:35:51,359

these dust storms and the evidence

884

00:35:55,069 --> 00:35:53,400

pretty much supports that they are but

885

00:35:57,230 --> 00:35:55,079

we don't have it really kind of well

886

00:35:59,690 --> 00:35:57,240

characterized with the volume of those

887

00:36:02,450 --> 00:35:59,700

plant pathogens are and how much impact

888

00:36:04,250 --> 00:36:02,460

if any the plant pathogens are doing to

889

00:36:05,750 --> 00:36:04,260

the agricultural systems in these

890

00:36:07,730 --> 00:36:05,760

regions

891

00:36:09,290 --> 00:36:07,740

wow yeah and so for any of our audience

892

00:36:10,730 --> 00:36:09,300

who are watching who are interested in

893

00:36:13,130 --> 00:36:10,740

in this realm of research and

894

00:36:15,230 --> 00:36:13,140

microbiology and plant pathogens you

895

00:36:16,130 --> 00:36:15,240

know plant how plants function in

896

00:36:17,329 --> 00:36:16,140

general

897

00:36:18,829 --> 00:36:17,339

um there's so much to take from this

898

00:36:20,329 --> 00:36:18,839

that you can be an astrobiologist and

899

00:36:21,770 --> 00:36:20,339

work on so many of these different kinds

900

00:36:23,270 --> 00:36:21,780

of topics

901
00:36:24,349 --> 00:36:23,280
um I do want to move now I know that

902
00:36:25,910 --> 00:36:24,359
we're running out of time and so I want

903
00:36:28,130 --> 00:36:25,920
to move now to our faster than light

904
00:36:30,290 --> 00:36:28,140
segment this is where we just have some

905
00:36:31,670 --> 00:36:30,300
rapid fire questions

906
00:36:33,170 --> 00:36:31,680
um and so I just have a few that I want

907
00:36:34,609 --> 00:36:33,180
to ask you

908
00:36:36,530 --> 00:36:34,619
um to bring up some of these topics that

909
00:36:37,790 --> 00:36:36,540
are relevant to astrobiology and a lot

910
00:36:40,250 --> 00:36:37,800
of us kind of want to know from all the

911
00:36:43,430 --> 00:36:40,260
astrobiologists we speak to

912
00:36:44,930 --> 00:36:43,440
so the first question comes from Enrico

913
00:36:47,089 --> 00:36:44,940

Fermi when he when he first asked you

914

00:36:49,310 --> 00:36:47,099

know like where are they out there uh

915

00:36:51,410 --> 00:36:49,320

what is your favorite answer to fermi's

916

00:36:54,470 --> 00:36:51,420

question where are they

917

00:36:57,349 --> 00:36:54,480

oh fascinating I just read a book called

918

00:36:59,329 --> 00:36:57,359

where is everybody

919

00:37:02,690 --> 00:36:59,339

um and it's about trying to solve the

920

00:37:05,510 --> 00:37:02,700

Drake equation which was developed in an

921

00:37:06,410 --> 00:37:05,520

attempt to answer Enrico fermi's uh

922

00:37:09,230 --> 00:37:06,420

question

923

00:37:11,210 --> 00:37:09,240

and they gave 50 reasons why aliens

924

00:37:14,210 --> 00:37:11,220

haven't been in contact 50 plausible

925

00:37:18,290 --> 00:37:14,220

hypotheses of all of those I think the

926
00:37:21,829 --> 00:37:18,300
most reasonable is that the astronomical

927
00:37:25,430 --> 00:37:21,839
distance between Star systems are so

928
00:37:29,030 --> 00:37:25,440
incredibly huge that it is fundamentally

929
00:37:33,109 --> 00:37:29,040
impractical for aliens to travel between

930
00:37:35,270 --> 00:37:33,119
Star systems and just as an example uh

931
00:37:37,190 --> 00:37:35,280
Alpha Satori which is a cluster of three

932
00:37:38,829 --> 00:37:37,200
stars sort of in this very really

933
00:37:40,450 --> 00:37:38,839
incredible dance going on

934
00:37:44,990 --> 00:37:40,460
three-dimensional

935
00:37:48,710 --> 00:37:45,000
orbits that's 4.2 4.26 light years away

936
00:37:51,470 --> 00:37:48,720
current rocketry would take like 80 000

937
00:37:54,170 --> 00:37:51,480
years to have a spaceship reach the

938
00:37:57,109 --> 00:37:54,180

closest star so that I think is the best

939

00:37:59,109 --> 00:37:57,119

solution the distances are just way too

940

00:38:02,030 --> 00:37:59,119

big to have this easily happen

941

00:38:03,950 --> 00:38:02,040

absolutely I mean there are you know

942

00:38:06,170 --> 00:38:03,960

crazy vast distances in space that kind

943

00:38:08,630 --> 00:38:06,180

of bend the human mind but I'm glad you

944

00:38:11,690 --> 00:38:08,640

mentioned book our next question is is

945

00:38:13,849 --> 00:38:11,700

what stories have inspired you to want

946

00:38:15,770 --> 00:38:13,859

to pursue your career and learn more

947

00:38:17,930 --> 00:38:15,780

about life in the universe

948

00:38:20,390 --> 00:38:17,940

well I got to tell you uh it goes back

949

00:38:22,250 --> 00:38:20,400

to fourth grade uh it's I won't tell you

950

00:38:23,990 --> 00:38:22,260

the whole story because it's got more

951
00:38:25,609 --> 00:38:24,000
complicated but fundamentally I was

952
00:38:28,670 --> 00:38:25,619
struggling in fourth grade I didn't like

953
00:38:31,250 --> 00:38:28,680
to read I was bored I was a class clown

954
00:38:33,650 --> 00:38:31,260
in the back you know causing trouble and

955
00:38:35,870 --> 00:38:33,660
we had to buy a book from a book club so

956
00:38:37,910 --> 00:38:35,880
I brought in my 50 cents plopped it down

957
00:38:40,730 --> 00:38:37,920
and I was looking around you know you

958
00:38:43,010 --> 00:38:40,740
can imagine a little kid oh this is so

959
00:38:46,069 --> 00:38:43,020
boring oh and then I came across a title

960
00:38:49,130 --> 00:38:46,079
that said Mission to Mars

961
00:38:50,990 --> 00:38:49,140
and I said huh that sounded like fun so

962
00:38:53,930 --> 00:38:51,000
I bought this book it was about a family

963
00:38:56,089 --> 00:38:53,940

going to Mars and they meet martians the

964

00:38:57,890 --> 00:38:56,099

Martians helped them to survive because

965

00:39:01,609 --> 00:38:57,900

their life support system wasn't working

966

00:39:05,089 --> 00:39:01,619

right and so it's really been fun now to

967

00:39:07,970 --> 00:39:05,099

work and it closes the circle I had a

968

00:39:11,210 --> 00:39:07,980

new spark in fourth grade to think about

969

00:39:12,530 --> 00:39:11,220

outer space and mooc and flying to other

970

00:39:15,010 --> 00:39:12,540

planets

971

00:39:17,270 --> 00:39:15,020

and that came from that one single book

972

00:39:18,829 --> 00:39:17,280

uh and now I'm working on Mars

973

00:39:20,150 --> 00:39:18,839

astrobiology I think that's a really

974

00:39:21,890 --> 00:39:20,160

cool Circle

975

00:39:23,510 --> 00:39:21,900

that is really cool you know you're

976
00:39:24,770 --> 00:39:23,520
speaking to that young kid in me he used

977
00:39:26,569 --> 00:39:24,780
to go to the Scholastic Book Fair and

978
00:39:28,430 --> 00:39:26,579
buy a bunch of books for you know a

979
00:39:30,170 --> 00:39:28,440
nickel or a dime each and then you know

980
00:39:31,609 --> 00:39:30,180
get nerding out over the science and

981
00:39:33,770 --> 00:39:31,619
then then the culture and the history

982
00:39:35,569 --> 00:39:33,780
and all these things exactly um you know

983
00:39:37,130 --> 00:39:35,579
and now in your career it's been quite a

984
00:39:39,770 --> 00:39:37,140
while since fourth grade you've done so

985
00:39:42,470 --> 00:39:39,780
many cool things in your career

986
00:39:44,690 --> 00:39:42,480
if you could though go back to the very

987
00:39:47,329 --> 00:39:44,700
beginning of your career and give

988
00:39:48,950 --> 00:39:47,339

yourself some advice what advice would

989

00:39:51,170 --> 00:39:48,960

you give yourself

990

00:39:54,290 --> 00:39:51,180

wow uh

991

00:39:57,589 --> 00:39:54,300

get done with your graduate work as fast

992

00:40:00,190 --> 00:39:57,599

as possible but doing excellent work

993

00:40:03,410 --> 00:40:00,200

don't dwell on stuff

994

00:40:04,849 --> 00:40:03,420

and get out into the the academic

995

00:40:07,670 --> 00:40:04,859

environment if that's where you want to

996

00:40:12,349 --> 00:40:07,680

go research in Academia or at Nasa

997

00:40:14,750 --> 00:40:12,359

centers or or other National Labs get

998

00:40:17,690 --> 00:40:14,760

your graduate work done quick get out

999

00:40:19,310 --> 00:40:17,700

and start making uh making a name for

1000

00:40:22,790 --> 00:40:19,320

yourself and doing some fun work and the

1001
00:40:25,010 --> 00:40:22,800
second advice is pick really cool field

1002
00:40:28,430 --> 00:40:25,020
work field sites

1003
00:40:30,770 --> 00:40:28,440
so uh doing that Dart that dust

1004
00:40:34,370 --> 00:40:30,780
collection system I was able to fly in a

1005
00:40:35,990 --> 00:40:34,380
f-104 star fighter jet something I've

1006
00:40:39,950 --> 00:40:36,000
wanted to do my whole life since I was

1007
00:40:42,589 --> 00:40:39,960
just a little kid so uh you know just

1008
00:40:44,750 --> 00:40:42,599
have fun and but get to it

1009
00:40:46,069 --> 00:40:44,760
love it so much well let's talk about

1010
00:40:47,210 --> 00:40:46,079
the things that excite you then you know

1011
00:40:49,970 --> 00:40:47,220
when you were a kid you were excited by

1012
00:40:51,530 --> 00:40:49,980
this this f-104 Starfighter

1013
00:40:53,450 --> 00:40:51,540

um but right now you know not just in

1014

00:40:56,030 --> 00:40:53,460

your career and the research you've done

1015

00:40:58,790 --> 00:40:56,040

but just in general what excites you

1016

00:41:02,329 --> 00:40:58,800

about the future

1017

00:41:05,510 --> 00:41:02,339

well I am just totally Blown Away to be

1018

00:41:06,890 --> 00:41:05,520

basically just amazed on the natural

1019

00:41:09,890 --> 00:41:06,900

world

1020

00:41:11,930 --> 00:41:09,900

uh the the big bang happened 3.8 billion

1021

00:41:15,050 --> 00:41:11,940

years ago we started with primarily

1022

00:41:18,109 --> 00:41:15,060

hydrogen and now we have every

1023

00:41:20,990 --> 00:41:18,119

everything that we have uh and there is

1024

00:41:23,390 --> 00:41:21,000

a very logical rational process from

1025

00:41:25,670 --> 00:41:23,400

going from hydrogen gas in the early

1026

00:41:28,010 --> 00:41:25,680

Universe all the way up to complex

1027

00:41:32,750 --> 00:41:28,020

medicine animals like humans and

1028

00:41:34,910 --> 00:41:32,760

giraffes and uh penguins and that that

1029

00:41:38,089 --> 00:41:34,920

whole wide range on how soil chemistry

1030

00:41:39,829 --> 00:41:38,099

played into it evolution of stars Jed

1031

00:41:43,849 --> 00:41:39,839

there's different populations of stars

1032

00:41:46,790 --> 00:41:43,859

metal Rich Stars metal poor Stars uh all

1033

00:41:49,370 --> 00:41:46,800

of that comes together and there's just

1034

00:41:52,150 --> 00:41:49,380

this amazing Universe out there and I

1035

00:41:55,190 --> 00:41:52,160

I'm Blown Away by by some of the

1036

00:41:57,589 --> 00:41:55,200

documentaries that are on TV and in in

1037

00:42:00,589 --> 00:41:57,599

you know broadcast YouTubes and things

1038

00:42:02,450 --> 00:42:00,599

like that it's just wonderful

1039

00:42:04,130 --> 00:42:02,460

yeah definitely and I I was you know I

1040

00:42:05,390 --> 00:42:04,140

was a young kid I would watch like the

1041

00:42:06,890 --> 00:42:05,400

Discovery Channel and The Learning

1042

00:42:08,930 --> 00:42:06,900

Channel back when they had actual

1043

00:42:10,849 --> 00:42:08,940

science content and I would get so like

1044

00:42:11,990 --> 00:42:10,859

just amazed by these documentaries and

1045

00:42:13,970 --> 00:42:12,000

things I remember one from the 90s

1046

00:42:15,650 --> 00:42:13,980

called solar Empire that just like it

1047

00:42:18,470 --> 00:42:15,660

blew my mind thinking about what we were

1048

00:42:20,510 --> 00:42:18,480

learning about science and that brings

1049

00:42:22,970 --> 00:42:20,520

me to my last question in this faster

1050

00:42:25,670 --> 00:42:22,980

than light segment what is a science

1051
00:42:27,710 --> 00:42:25,680
fact that maybe you still find

1052
00:42:29,329 --> 00:42:27,720
unbelievable or that still blows your

1053
00:42:31,490 --> 00:42:29,339
mind

1054
00:42:34,150 --> 00:42:31,500
that we are here

1055
00:42:36,950 --> 00:42:34,160
this can be stated that simply

1056
00:42:40,609 --> 00:42:36,960
uh the big Banks we know when the Big

1057
00:42:43,310 --> 00:42:40,619
Bang started 3.88 billion years ago

1058
00:42:44,810 --> 00:42:43,320
but what's the trigger where'd that

1059
00:42:47,089 --> 00:42:44,820
energy come from

1060
00:42:49,190 --> 00:42:47,099
uh and the fact that again we went from

1061
00:42:51,470 --> 00:42:49,200
hydrogen gas

1062
00:42:52,990 --> 00:42:51,480
through seller Evolution planetary

1063
00:42:56,510 --> 00:42:53,000

Evolution

1064

00:42:58,730 --> 00:42:56,520

biological evolution and here we are a

1065

00:43:00,770 --> 00:42:58,740

species capable of thinking about all of

1066

00:43:03,170 --> 00:43:00,780

that that that's what really sort of

1067

00:43:05,450 --> 00:43:03,180

blows my mind that's beautiful yeah you

1068

00:43:06,829 --> 00:43:05,460

know it kind of blows my mind too

1069

00:43:09,950 --> 00:43:06,839

um just the fact that we get to exist

1070

00:43:11,450 --> 00:43:09,960

for even a short window each of us uh in

1071

00:43:13,430 --> 00:43:11,460

this world this universe you know this

1072

00:43:16,309 --> 00:43:13,440

Cosmos and some of us get to explore it

1073

00:43:17,990 --> 00:43:16,319

together and learn more about our place

1074

00:43:19,010 --> 00:43:18,000

um I really appreciate that so much from

1075

00:43:20,329 --> 00:43:19,020

you

1076

00:43:22,309 --> 00:43:20,339

um I'm going to open it now for our

1077

00:43:24,050 --> 00:43:22,319

audience q a I know we have a bunch of

1078

00:43:26,210 --> 00:43:24,060

questions coming in from YouTube in the

1079

00:43:28,069 --> 00:43:26,220

live chat uh and so let's just get

1080

00:43:29,210 --> 00:43:28,079

started and see what everyone wants to

1081

00:43:31,609 --> 00:43:29,220

ask

1082

00:43:34,250 --> 00:43:31,619

um first starting off uh user at

1083

00:43:36,109 --> 00:43:34,260

rendering reality on Twitter has said

1084

00:43:38,870 --> 00:43:36,119

friendly bacteria like strains of

1085

00:43:41,750 --> 00:43:38,880

bacillus subtilis used for watering or

1086

00:43:44,150 --> 00:43:41,760

foliar feeding make organic farming a

1087

00:43:46,490 --> 00:43:44,160

near closed-loop system is there any

1088

00:43:48,470 --> 00:43:46,500

research using uh good bacteria or

1089

00:43:50,329 --> 00:43:48,480

bacteria from Earth on making an organic

1090

00:43:51,470 --> 00:43:50,339

closed loose loop system for Martian

1091

00:43:54,410 --> 00:43:51,480

farming

1092

00:43:57,950 --> 00:43:54,420

there is actually research in that topic

1093

00:44:00,770 --> 00:43:57,960

uh both in Academia as well as in NASA

1094

00:44:05,829 --> 00:44:00,780

uh these these growth promoting

1095

00:44:07,630 --> 00:44:05,839

beneficial bacteria fungi prokarya

1096

00:44:09,829 --> 00:44:07,640

amoeba

1097

00:44:12,370 --> 00:44:09,839

algae a whole diversity of

1098

00:44:15,890 --> 00:44:12,380

microorganisms are going to be present

1099

00:44:18,829 --> 00:44:15,900

in any lunar biogenerative life support

1100

00:44:21,950 --> 00:44:18,839

system or Mrs bioregenerative life

1101
00:44:23,510 --> 00:44:21,960
support system and we have we have got

1102
00:44:25,910 --> 00:44:23,520
to understand how those beneficial

1103
00:44:27,829 --> 00:44:25,920
organisms are going to interplay with

1104
00:44:30,170 --> 00:44:27,839
the plants and with the humans in these

1105
00:44:32,450 --> 00:44:30,180
closed environments and so because

1106
00:44:36,170 --> 00:44:32,460
humans are will be in so much more

1107
00:44:39,530 --> 00:44:36,180
intimate contact with the life support

1108
00:44:41,510 --> 00:44:39,540
systems and on mars or on the moon uh we

1109
00:44:43,970 --> 00:44:41,520
have there's more to understand on how

1110
00:44:46,550 --> 00:44:43,980
beneficial organisms interact with our

1111
00:44:48,650 --> 00:44:46,560
own microbiomes so there is research

1112
00:44:52,069 --> 00:44:48,660
underway and it's a really exciting area

1113
00:44:54,589 --> 00:44:52,079

of future work for the space program

1114

00:44:58,250 --> 00:44:54,599

wonderful our next question comes from

1115

00:45:00,349 --> 00:44:58,260

Roshan bukhari on YouTube Roshan has

1116

00:45:02,270 --> 00:45:00,359

basically asked what role do you think

1117

00:45:04,309 --> 00:45:02,280

AI will play when it comes to Future

1118

00:45:05,510 --> 00:45:04,319

robotic explorers looking for Life on

1119

00:45:08,270 --> 00:45:05,520

Mars

1120

00:45:10,930 --> 00:45:08,280

oh AI well I'm worried about AI because

1121

00:45:15,770 --> 00:45:10,940

I saw this documentary called Terminator

1122

00:45:18,829 --> 00:45:15,780

and just kidding just kidding uh no AI

1123

00:45:22,670 --> 00:45:18,839

is a very important uh scientific area

1124

00:45:24,650 --> 00:45:22,680

of study and it's so

1125

00:45:27,470 --> 00:45:24,660

um I don't know how to predict how it's

1126

00:45:29,390 --> 00:45:27,480

going to really play out uh so I I

1127

00:45:31,790 --> 00:45:29,400

almost have to say I had no comment on

1128

00:45:35,030 --> 00:45:31,800

this simply because it could be so

1129

00:45:37,730 --> 00:45:35,040

amazing and then yet maybe it doesn't

1130

00:45:40,849 --> 00:45:37,740

really reach the full potential that we

1131

00:45:43,010 --> 00:45:40,859

think it might be able to reach so uh I

1132

00:45:46,910 --> 00:45:43,020

think Advanced Computing is absolutely

1133

00:45:49,089 --> 00:45:46,920

key to successful missions to Mars and

1134

00:45:51,770 --> 00:45:49,099

to the surface of of the Moon

1135

00:45:55,370 --> 00:45:51,780

uh and every time I struggle to get my

1136

00:45:58,010 --> 00:45:55,380

little iPhone to work or or on my TV

1137

00:45:59,990 --> 00:45:58,020

programmed I think golly uh we're gonna

1138

00:46:02,210 --> 00:46:00,000

have trouble going to Mars but AI is

1139

00:46:03,530 --> 00:46:02,220

going to help us solve that

1140

00:46:05,270 --> 00:46:03,540

um that's about all I can say really

1141

00:46:07,490 --> 00:46:05,280

yeah absolutely there's a lot of

1142

00:46:09,470 --> 00:46:07,500

Advanced Technologies not just around

1143

00:46:11,390 --> 00:46:09,480

the corner or coming up tomorrow they're

1144

00:46:13,430 --> 00:46:11,400

here now you know we are using a lot of

1145

00:46:15,530 --> 00:46:13,440

Advanced Technologies and so our next

1146

00:46:16,670 --> 00:46:15,540

question from user tessellated on

1147

00:46:18,650 --> 00:46:16,680

YouTube

1148

00:46:21,050 --> 00:46:18,660

um is about not an advanced technology

1149

00:46:23,030 --> 00:46:21,060

necessarily but one about using tissue

1150

00:46:25,609 --> 00:46:23,040

culture and whether we can apply tissue

1151

00:46:27,650 --> 00:46:25,619

culture to astrobotomy I think for

1152

00:46:29,329 --> 00:46:27,660

myself first I will say you know I've

1153

00:46:30,589 --> 00:46:29,339

talked to people out there who are you

1154

00:46:32,630 --> 00:46:30,599

know in the process of developing

1155

00:46:33,770 --> 00:46:32,640

companies to do things like lab grown

1156

00:46:37,609 --> 00:46:33,780

meat

1157

00:46:39,770 --> 00:46:37,619

making a sushi grade tuna in the

1158

00:46:41,809 --> 00:46:39,780

laboratory or making beef hamburgers in

1159

00:46:43,430 --> 00:46:41,819

the laboratory I do think eventually

1160

00:46:45,309 --> 00:46:43,440

we're going to see people who are

1161

00:46:47,510 --> 00:46:45,319

learning now how to do tissue culture

1162

00:46:49,609 --> 00:46:47,520

we'll be going out with their friends

1163

00:46:51,849 --> 00:46:49,619

who are organic chemists and things like

1164

00:46:54,349 --> 00:46:51,859

this and learning how to develop

1165

00:46:56,030 --> 00:46:54,359

lab-grown Meats for the space station

1166

00:46:57,770 --> 00:46:56,040

and Mars

1167

00:47:00,849 --> 00:46:57,780

um but Dr sugar what do you think of

1168

00:47:03,290 --> 00:47:00,859

using tissue culture in astrobotomy

1169

00:47:04,730 --> 00:47:03,300

well there are many different types of

1170

00:47:06,530 --> 00:47:04,740

tissue culture which you just mentioned

1171

00:47:09,770 --> 00:47:06,540

there's tissue cultures have produced

1172

00:47:11,870 --> 00:47:09,780

pathogen free plantlets that would be

1173

00:47:13,910 --> 00:47:11,880

then propagated into your biogenerative

1174

00:47:16,490 --> 00:47:13,920

life support system I think that's a

1175

00:47:21,010 --> 00:47:16,500

done deal that will be used uh there's

1176

00:47:24,309 --> 00:47:21,020

tissue culture to create uh perhaps

1177

00:47:26,930 --> 00:47:24,319

genetically modified crops that have

1178

00:47:28,730 --> 00:47:26,940

vitamins added in that might not

1179

00:47:31,069 --> 00:47:28,740

normally be there one of the big

1180

00:47:33,290 --> 00:47:31,079

concerns with humans going to Mars is a

1181

00:47:36,530 --> 00:47:33,300

long period of time are we going to be

1182

00:47:38,750 --> 00:47:36,540

able to preserve vitamins you know in

1183

00:47:40,970 --> 00:47:38,760

the normal little pills they begin to

1184

00:47:42,770 --> 00:47:40,980

degrade over a release and reasonable

1185

00:47:45,410 --> 00:47:42,780

short periods of time so we might need

1186

00:47:47,450 --> 00:47:45,420

to grow plants that have vitamin C in

1187

00:47:49,849 --> 00:47:47,460

them that are genetically engineered for

1188

00:47:53,450 --> 00:47:49,859

vitamin C and tissue culture has a role

1189

00:47:56,930 --> 00:47:53,460

to play in that uh having the astronauts

1190

00:47:58,930 --> 00:47:56,940

eat artificial fish and artificial Meats

1191

00:48:02,030 --> 00:47:58,940

that's very very

1192

00:48:05,750 --> 00:48:02,040

scenario although well I'd really hate

1193

00:48:08,569 --> 00:48:05,760

not having a nice rib eye bone-in rib

1194

00:48:11,150 --> 00:48:08,579

eye over cooked over the Barbie so but

1195

00:48:13,730 --> 00:48:11,160

but the technology will be a part of

1196

00:48:15,530 --> 00:48:13,740

these space exploration efforts

1197

00:48:17,089 --> 00:48:15,540

absolutely

1198

00:48:19,609 --> 00:48:17,099

um our next question comes from user

1199

00:48:21,109 --> 00:48:19,619

Haley Monaco on YouTube and it's an

1200

00:48:23,990 --> 00:48:21,119

interesting one um how could we

1201

00:48:26,150 --> 00:48:24,000

differentiate between geological methane

1202

00:48:28,790 --> 00:48:26,160

and biologically produced methane on

1203

00:48:31,790 --> 00:48:28,800

Mars is there a way for us given current

1204

00:48:35,030 --> 00:48:31,800

technology to differentiate

1205

00:48:37,010 --> 00:48:35,040

yeah we can do that now on Earth uh and

1206

00:48:40,430 --> 00:48:37,020

it's really due to the isotopic

1207

00:48:43,849 --> 00:48:40,440

fractionation it's called Uh carbon 12

1208

00:48:46,430 --> 00:48:43,859

is the primary carbon atom that makes

1209

00:48:48,829 --> 00:48:46,440

all of us uh there's a small amount of

1210

00:48:51,470 --> 00:48:48,839

carbon 13 which has one extra Neutron

1211

00:48:52,510 --> 00:48:51,480

and then even a smaller amount of carbon

1212

00:48:55,150 --> 00:48:52,520

14

1213

00:48:59,089 --> 00:48:55,160

and biological

1214

00:49:03,130 --> 00:48:59,099

methane has a different carbon 12 to 13

1215

00:49:06,250 --> 00:49:03,140

to 14 ratio then

1216

00:49:09,890 --> 00:49:06,260

abiogenic methane generally speaking

1217

00:49:12,770 --> 00:49:09,900

abiogenic methane will not be enriched

1218

00:49:15,890 --> 00:49:12,780

in carbon 13 or carbon 14 it'll be sort

1219

00:49:19,790 --> 00:49:15,900

of a straight ratio of you know I think

1220

00:49:22,430 --> 00:49:19,800

it's I think it's 98 carbon 12. 1.9

1221

00:49:25,250 --> 00:49:22,440

percent carbon 13 and then 0.1 percent

1222

00:49:27,829 --> 00:49:25,260

carbon 14. but biology has the ability

1223

00:49:29,930 --> 00:49:27,839

to enrich some of those those isotopes

1224

00:49:32,089 --> 00:49:29,940

and so that's one way to tell the

1225

00:49:34,250 --> 00:49:32,099

difference between biogenic methane and

1226

00:49:36,349 --> 00:49:34,260

abiogenic methane

1227

00:49:38,270 --> 00:49:36,359

yeah absolutely then that's important

1228

00:49:40,309 --> 00:49:38,280

it's also important to know the source

1229

00:49:42,170 --> 00:49:40,319

of the the carbon isotope reservoirs

1230

00:49:43,970 --> 00:49:42,180

that we might have on Mars and so that

1231

00:49:45,410 --> 00:49:43,980

will require a lot of work too figuring

1232

00:49:48,530 --> 00:49:45,420

out you know what are we starting with

1233

00:49:49,849 --> 00:49:48,540

for isotopic uh abundances on Mars when

1234

00:49:51,349 --> 00:49:49,859

we have a sample the methane's coming

1235

00:49:54,230 --> 00:49:51,359

from

1236

00:49:57,230 --> 00:49:54,240

um now we do have a user Mark Lumsden on

1237

00:49:59,270 --> 00:49:57,240

Twitter has asked a question if we have

1238

00:50:01,430 --> 00:49:59,280

any evidence of Life possibly being

1239

00:50:02,990 --> 00:50:01,440

based on different chemistry

1240

00:50:05,089 --> 00:50:03,000

um people often often ask you know like

1241

00:50:07,190 --> 00:50:05,099

carbon based life versus silicon-based

1242

00:50:09,410 --> 00:50:07,200

life could there be other solvents out

1243

00:50:11,329 --> 00:50:09,420

there besides water I will personally

1244

00:50:13,430 --> 00:50:11,339

say an answer to Mark

1245

00:50:14,870 --> 00:50:13,440

um silicon-based life is a possibility

1246

00:50:17,630 --> 00:50:14,880

it might be that we actually create

1247

00:50:19,370 --> 00:50:17,640

maybe post biological life on Earth will

1248

00:50:20,690 --> 00:50:19,380

be silicon based because we've made it

1249

00:50:22,010 --> 00:50:20,700

that way

1250

00:50:24,410 --> 00:50:22,020

um it is worth looking into the

1251

00:50:25,730 --> 00:50:24,420

chemistry though silicon silicon bonds

1252

00:50:28,430 --> 00:50:25,740

are not nearly as strong as

1253

00:50:31,670 --> 00:50:28,440

carbon-carbon bonds and they're also not

1254

00:50:32,450 --> 00:50:31,680

super stable in water like carbon is and

1255

00:50:35,569 --> 00:50:32,460

so there might be a different

1256

00:50:36,890 --> 00:50:35,579

environment a product cryosolvins for

1257

00:50:38,750 --> 00:50:36,900

instance are a place where silicon

1258

00:50:40,790 --> 00:50:38,760

silicon bonds are much stronger and can

1259

00:50:42,530 --> 00:50:40,800

survive a lot better and so it's worth

1260

00:50:44,349 --> 00:50:42,540

looking into the chemistry if you're

1261

00:50:48,410 --> 00:50:44,359

really interested in this question mark

1262

00:50:50,510 --> 00:50:48,420

however Andrew for you our next user THM

1263

00:50:53,089 --> 00:50:50,520

on YouTube has said that they're

1264

00:50:55,670 --> 00:50:53,099

interested in inter researching microbes

1265

00:50:57,230 --> 00:50:55,680

living in lava tubes do you have any

1266

00:50:59,390 --> 00:50:57,240

recommendations for them of what they

1267

00:51:01,190 --> 00:50:59,400

might want to look into when it comes to

1268

00:51:04,549 --> 00:51:01,200

understanding how microbes would thrive

1269

00:51:06,829 --> 00:51:04,559

in a unique environment like that

1270

00:51:08,690 --> 00:51:06,839

wow that that's a very good topic I

1271

00:51:10,309 --> 00:51:08,700

sometimes think back on a discipline

1272

00:51:11,809 --> 00:51:10,319

that I wish I would have gone into from

1273

00:51:14,150 --> 00:51:11,819

a career standpoint and Cave

1274

00:51:16,849 --> 00:51:14,160

microbiology is one of that one of those

1275

00:51:19,910 --> 00:51:16,859

topics I've been into some caves in the

1276
00:51:22,190 --> 00:51:19,920
southwest of the United States that uh

1277
00:51:24,049 --> 00:51:22,200
on the outside of the cave there's it's

1278
00:51:27,530 --> 00:51:24,059
dry hot

1279
00:51:30,109 --> 00:51:27,540
of desert terrain desert ecosystems you

1280
00:51:32,510 --> 00:51:30,119
drop down into the cave and it there's

1281
00:51:35,150 --> 00:51:32,520
literally fog in the cave just just a

1282
00:51:37,190 --> 00:51:35,160
few tens of meters from The Cave opening

1283
00:51:39,530 --> 00:51:37,200
there's literally fog forming

1284
00:51:42,130 --> 00:51:39,540
condensation on the walls with an

1285
00:51:45,069 --> 00:51:42,140
incredible diversity of microbial

1286
00:51:48,349 --> 00:51:45,079
species on the walls and on the ceilings

1287
00:51:49,970 --> 00:51:48,359
uh when I first saw that you know 10

1288
00:51:52,250 --> 00:51:49,980

years ago on a field trip at a

1289

00:51:56,150 --> 00:51:52,260

conference it was like wow that's so

1290

00:51:58,849 --> 00:51:56,160

exciting uh how to get into it the best

1291

00:52:01,790 --> 00:51:58,859

thing to do on any discipline of how to

1292

00:52:04,970 --> 00:52:01,800

get into it is look into the literature

1293

00:52:07,010 --> 00:52:04,980

on who's publishing in the last few

1294

00:52:10,010 --> 00:52:07,020

years on your topic

1295

00:52:13,190 --> 00:52:10,020

so if you find papers of a scientist

1296

00:52:16,250 --> 00:52:13,200

that's published you know on the

1297

00:52:17,870 --> 00:52:16,260

Southwest lava tube caves in a variety

1298

00:52:19,549 --> 00:52:17,880

of locations

1299

00:52:23,750 --> 00:52:19,559

contact them

1300

00:52:25,970 --> 00:52:23,760

uh if they're if their literature is is

1301

00:52:28,609 --> 00:52:25,980

not in your topical area but it's in

1302

00:52:30,770 --> 00:52:28,619

cave microbiology and but what they're

1303

00:52:32,630 --> 00:52:30,780

doing is not that interesting contact

1304

00:52:35,270 --> 00:52:32,640

them and say this is what I'm interested

1305

00:52:38,089 --> 00:52:35,280

in doing who would you might recommend

1306

00:52:40,309 --> 00:52:38,099

that would be a different Professor uh

1307

00:52:43,670 --> 00:52:40,319

and so the best thing is just get into

1308

00:52:46,970 --> 00:52:43,680

it get find out what you're interested

1309

00:52:48,829 --> 00:52:46,980

in and write to the people and ask for a

1310

00:52:51,589 --> 00:52:48,839

little bit of advice they mostly will

1311

00:52:54,049 --> 00:52:51,599

will respond to you that's fantastic and

1312

00:52:55,910 --> 00:52:54,059

great advice one way to find really good

1313

00:52:57,290 --> 00:52:55,920

mentors and advisors out there is just

1314

00:52:58,309 --> 00:52:57,300

to reach out to people who are doing the

1315

00:52:59,390 --> 00:52:58,319

work

1316

00:53:01,130 --> 00:52:59,400

um but it's also a great way to make

1317

00:53:03,349 --> 00:53:01,140

those connections to find people who can

1318

00:53:04,430 --> 00:53:03,359

help you uh find the research and so I

1319

00:53:06,410 --> 00:53:04,440

really appreciate that as well it's

1320

00:53:07,910 --> 00:53:06,420

always advice that I love to hear given

1321

00:53:10,309 --> 00:53:07,920

to people

1322

00:53:12,770 --> 00:53:10,319

um our next question comes from astativa

1323

00:53:14,510 --> 00:53:12,780

arai on YouTube

1324

00:53:15,650 --> 00:53:14,520

um and I'm gonna change their question a

1325

00:53:17,750 --> 00:53:15,660

little bit they want they want to know

1326

00:53:20,089 --> 00:53:17,760

how important is the Criterion of

1327

00:53:24,109 --> 00:53:20,099

salinity in the Martian soil when it

1328

00:53:25,609 --> 00:53:24,119

comes to living things including growing

1329

00:53:27,230 --> 00:53:25,619

um and so for the Martian and we call it

1330

00:53:31,549 --> 00:53:27,240

regolith

1331

00:53:34,190 --> 00:53:31,559

know salinity but how important are the

1332

00:53:35,870 --> 00:53:34,200

actual salts themselves for instance I

1333

00:53:37,670 --> 00:53:35,880

know an astrobotonist who has pointed

1334

00:53:39,470 --> 00:53:37,680

out that you know in the Martian that

1335

00:53:40,549 --> 00:53:39,480

Mark Watney eating those potatoes would

1336

00:53:42,710 --> 00:53:40,559

have been in trouble because he didn't

1337

00:53:45,410 --> 00:53:42,720

clean the perchlorate salts out of the

1338

00:53:46,790 --> 00:53:45,420

Martian regolith first so I wonder uh Dr

1339

00:53:49,069 --> 00:53:46,800

sugar if you can speak to the Martian

1340

00:53:50,809 --> 00:53:49,079

regolith it's chemistry and maybe how

1341

00:53:53,809 --> 00:53:50,819

important some of these salts are

1342

00:53:55,970 --> 00:53:53,819

right uh boy that that could be a whole

1343

00:53:58,309 --> 00:53:55,980

topic an hour long topic just on the

1344

00:54:01,609 --> 00:53:58,319

geochemistry of the Martian regolith uh

1345

00:54:04,370 --> 00:54:01,619

the main thing is that the salts uh on

1346

00:54:07,430 --> 00:54:04,380

Mars the regolith is composed of ground

1347

00:54:10,670 --> 00:54:07,440

up basaltic material that's been

1348

00:54:14,930 --> 00:54:10,680

weathered or acted upon over geological

1349

00:54:18,109 --> 00:54:14,940

times with water water vapor

1350

00:54:21,290 --> 00:54:18,119

um and other uh energy sources like UV

1351
00:54:23,230 --> 00:54:21,300
irradiation with water vapor with mixing

1352
00:54:27,349 --> 00:54:23,240
of minerals so there is actual

1353
00:54:29,089 --> 00:54:27,359
weathering of the soils much more than

1354
00:54:31,250 --> 00:54:29,099
on the moon and here's a great example I

1355
00:54:35,089 --> 00:54:31,260
got to use my little my little show and

1356
00:54:38,569 --> 00:54:35,099
tell here in this hand is a gray lunar

1357
00:54:40,670 --> 00:54:38,579
simulant that I use in my lab this is a

1358
00:54:44,089 --> 00:54:40,680
primary mineral it's just like ground up

1359
00:54:46,609 --> 00:54:44,099
Basalt which is like lava okay this is

1360
00:54:49,250 --> 00:54:46,619
the Martian stimulant and it is

1361
00:54:50,750 --> 00:54:49,260
orange-like now the chemistries of these

1362
00:54:53,690 --> 00:54:50,760
two are very similar they're basic

1363
00:54:56,089 --> 00:54:53,700

chemistry this is basaltic this is

1364

00:54:58,030 --> 00:54:56,099

basaltic but what's happened here with

1365

00:55:02,089 --> 00:54:58,040

the Martian stimulant

1366

00:55:05,450 --> 00:55:02,099

is that water and oxygen have acted upon

1367

00:55:08,150 --> 00:55:05,460

this material over geological time and

1368

00:55:12,349 --> 00:55:08,160

have altered it such that it's more

1369

00:55:14,210 --> 00:55:12,359

complex in its geochemistry it is has a

1370

00:55:16,370 --> 00:55:14,220

lot more salts in it the salts are

1371

00:55:18,589 --> 00:55:16,380

forming and dissolving and forming and

1372

00:55:20,569 --> 00:55:18,599

changing because of this liquid water

1373

00:55:23,390 --> 00:55:20,579

environment that's hap that's been on

1374

00:55:26,270 --> 00:55:23,400

Mars in the past so these two little

1375

00:55:27,950 --> 00:55:26,280

soil samples are very different but yet

1376

00:55:32,569 --> 00:55:27,960

they started out at the same which is

1377

00:55:35,270 --> 00:55:32,579

basalt and so on Mars there is a problem

1378

00:55:38,650 --> 00:55:35,280

with some of these soils might have

1379

00:55:41,809 --> 00:55:38,660

salts that are too high a concentration

1380

00:55:44,510 --> 00:55:41,819

to use those soils immediately for

1381

00:55:47,150 --> 00:55:44,520

growing plants in so we might have to

1382

00:55:49,430 --> 00:55:47,160

figure out methods of leeching out the

1383

00:55:51,410 --> 00:55:49,440

salts or chemically extracting the salts

1384

00:55:53,690 --> 00:55:51,420

from the soils before they can be used

1385

00:55:55,849 --> 00:55:53,700

to grow plants on so that's one thing

1386

00:55:57,230 --> 00:55:55,859

the other thing is that the salts

1387

00:55:59,750 --> 00:55:57,240

themselves the little tiny micro

1388

00:56:01,430 --> 00:55:59,760

crystals of salts can land on a

1389

00:56:04,430 --> 00:56:01,440

spacecraft surface and if they come into

1390

00:56:06,770 --> 00:56:04,440

contact with a bacterial cell that

1391

00:56:08,150 --> 00:56:06,780

little super Crystal of salt can

1392

00:56:10,549 --> 00:56:08,160

actually kill a lot of different

1393

00:56:12,950 --> 00:56:10,559

bacterial cells just by contacting you

1394

00:56:16,250 --> 00:56:12,960

don't even need liquid water to have the

1395

00:56:17,990 --> 00:56:16,260

salt dissolve in so salts are one of

1396

00:56:20,630 --> 00:56:18,000

those biocidal factors that are on the

1397

00:56:24,049 --> 00:56:20,640

in the Martian regolith they can kill

1398

00:56:25,910 --> 00:56:24,059

bacteria and spacecraft surfaces and we

1399

00:56:28,190 --> 00:56:25,920

might have to learn how to remove the

1400

00:56:29,870 --> 00:56:28,200

salts before we can use the regulate for

1401

00:56:31,730 --> 00:56:29,880

growth and that's actually a really

1402

00:56:34,010 --> 00:56:31,740

important area of research that needs to

1403

00:56:35,270 --> 00:56:34,020

be done yeah absolutely it's so

1404

00:56:37,490 --> 00:56:35,280

important for us to know how we could

1405

00:56:39,470 --> 00:56:37,500

use that regolith to grow and to use as

1406

00:56:42,230 --> 00:56:39,480

a building material as well to you know

1407

00:56:44,150 --> 00:56:42,240

to reinforce our habitats to things like

1408

00:56:46,190 --> 00:56:44,160

that to build habitats

1409

00:56:47,990 --> 00:56:46,200

um there's so much to learn our next

1410

00:56:52,510 --> 00:56:48,000

question for you comes from Milton

1411

00:56:55,010 --> 00:56:52,520

mendocha Jr at Ms mendocha Jr on Twitter

1412

00:56:57,410 --> 00:56:55,020

uh they want to know that if there is

1413

00:56:59,930 --> 00:56:57,420

life on Mars Martian life not earth life

1414

00:57:02,270 --> 00:56:59,940

but it's not based on things like DNA

1415

00:57:04,010 --> 00:57:02,280

and proteins would there still be a way

1416

00:57:05,569 --> 00:57:04,020

for us to understand

1417

00:57:07,730 --> 00:57:05,579

um biological things like how the

1418

00:57:10,150 --> 00:57:07,740

resisting radiation salinity maybe even

1419

00:57:13,750 --> 00:57:10,160

if they're there

1420

00:57:16,970 --> 00:57:13,760

well uh I think the scientific Community

1421

00:57:18,770 --> 00:57:16,980

believes or uses the definition of life

1422

00:57:21,950 --> 00:57:18,780

that requires

1423

00:57:24,109 --> 00:57:21,960

a series of steps that leads to

1424

00:57:26,690 --> 00:57:24,119

Evolution adaptation

1425

00:57:29,270 --> 00:57:26,700

so life has to be able to take in

1426

00:57:32,510 --> 00:57:29,280

whatever liquid they're using as their

1427

00:57:35,270 --> 00:57:32,520

medium in our case it's water life has

1428

00:57:38,990 --> 00:57:35,280

to take in nutrients life has to have

1429

00:57:41,510 --> 00:57:39,000

the mechanisms within the cell or cells

1430

00:57:44,210 --> 00:57:41,520

to take those raw materials and make

1431

00:57:46,730 --> 00:57:44,220

whatever they need to make in order to

1432

00:57:48,609 --> 00:57:46,740

divide and then keep the process going

1433

00:57:51,670 --> 00:57:48,619

through multiple cycles

1434

00:57:54,890 --> 00:57:51,680

and that process

1435

00:57:56,710 --> 00:57:54,900

requires a road map a genetic road map

1436

00:57:59,390 --> 00:57:56,720

that could be DNA

1437

00:58:02,630 --> 00:57:59,400

uh well in our case it's DNA but it

1438

00:58:04,790 --> 00:58:02,640

could also be DNA on the surface of Mars

1439

00:58:08,089 --> 00:58:04,800

because there's our two planets of

1440

00:58:10,549 --> 00:58:08,099

exchanged Rock debris early in our in

1441

00:58:13,010 --> 00:58:10,559

our history and continue to this day so

1442

00:58:15,589 --> 00:58:13,020

if life was present on an early Earth it

1443

00:58:21,230 --> 00:58:15,599

could have been transported to Mars and

1444

00:58:23,750 --> 00:58:21,240

or vice versa uh so life requires this

1445

00:58:27,290 --> 00:58:23,760

process and at the end of that process

1446

00:58:30,109 --> 00:58:27,300

is evolution so if there is an extant

1447

00:58:32,630 --> 00:58:30,119

microbiota on the surface of Mars or in

1448

00:58:34,730 --> 00:58:32,640

the shallow subsurface it has to have

1449

00:58:37,370 --> 00:58:34,740

those ingredients it has to be able to

1450

00:58:39,770 --> 00:58:37,380

acquire nutrients which means we should

1451
00:58:41,930 --> 00:58:39,780
be able to figure out what it needs as a

1452
00:58:43,730 --> 00:58:41,940
set of nutrients it's going to be

1453
00:58:45,770 --> 00:58:43,740
sensitive to some things and not to

1454
00:58:47,630 --> 00:58:45,780
others and we should be able to figure

1455
00:58:51,950 --> 00:58:47,640
that out

1456
00:58:54,650 --> 00:58:51,960
um the real question is on Earth

1457
00:58:57,289 --> 00:58:54,660
greater than 99 of the microorganisms

1458
00:58:58,789 --> 00:58:57,299
that are in our environment are not a

1459
00:58:59,809 --> 00:58:58,799
we're not able to grow them in the

1460
00:59:02,270 --> 00:58:59,819
laboratory

1461
00:59:04,670 --> 00:59:02,280
uh so that creates quite a lot of

1462
00:59:07,549 --> 00:59:04,680
difficulty in looking at their basic

1463
00:59:09,829 --> 00:59:07,559

metabolism basic methods of evolution

1464

00:59:11,809 --> 00:59:09,839

and adaptation there are methods to

1465

00:59:15,410 --> 00:59:11,819

doing that and I think those same

1466

00:59:18,170 --> 00:59:15,420

methods can be applied to any microbes

1467

00:59:20,870 --> 00:59:18,180

on Mars that are not cultural but the

1468

00:59:24,230 --> 00:59:20,880

last point of this question is that like

1469

00:59:27,470 --> 00:59:24,240

Earth Mars if there's life has a series

1470

00:59:29,690 --> 00:59:27,480

of ecosystems it's not just a single

1471

00:59:32,210 --> 00:59:29,700

bacterium sitting on a rock saying hey I

1472

00:59:34,010 --> 00:59:32,220

hope I get sunlight today there's an

1473

00:59:36,289 --> 00:59:34,020

ecosystem there and there has to be

1474

00:59:38,770 --> 00:59:36,299

energy flow within that ecosystem and it

1475

00:59:41,329 --> 00:59:38,780

has to be chemical flow and

1476

00:59:44,329 --> 00:59:41,339

disequilibrium's uh creating the ability

1477

00:59:46,430 --> 00:59:44,339

to do work in that ecosystem that is

1478

00:59:48,650 --> 00:59:46,440

something that's really complex and it's

1479

00:59:51,829 --> 00:59:48,660

it's like we should be able to see that

1480

00:59:54,349 --> 00:59:51,839

if there's life then there's ecosystems

1481

00:59:57,170 --> 00:59:54,359

and we should be able to detect those I

1482

01:00:01,870 --> 00:59:57,180

believe without without invoking very

1483

01:00:04,490 --> 01:00:01,880

unusual exotic silly based life or

1484

01:00:07,130 --> 01:00:04,500

methane-based life at you know minus 300

1485

01:00:09,170 --> 01:00:07,140

degrees or whatever

1486

01:00:11,450 --> 01:00:09,180

that's awesome uh so I so much

1487

01:00:12,770 --> 01:00:11,460

appreciate your time and joining us here

1488

01:00:14,750 --> 01:00:12,780

um I apologize though it's been great

1489

01:00:16,789 --> 01:00:14,760

then you have so many more questions but

1490

01:00:18,109 --> 01:00:16,799

we are at the very top of the hour

1491

01:00:20,870 --> 01:00:18,119

um if I could just ask for a really

1492

01:00:22,309 --> 01:00:20,880

brief answer to one more question

1493

01:00:24,770 --> 01:00:22,319

um I saw one that I really liked from

1494

01:00:27,589 --> 01:00:24,780

kashish Gupta on YouTube

1495

01:00:29,690 --> 01:00:27,599

um so so kashish has asked Dr sugar if

1496

01:00:31,609 --> 01:00:29,700

you get to send a single microbial

1497

01:00:34,970 --> 01:00:31,619

species on a future Mission to Mars

1498

01:00:37,250 --> 01:00:34,980

which one would you pick

1499

01:00:39,589 --> 01:00:37,260

wow I don't want to send any microbes to

1500

01:00:40,430 --> 01:00:39,599

Mars

1501
01:00:48,530 --> 01:00:40,440
um

1502
01:00:49,789 --> 01:00:48,540
starting the process of terraforming the

1503
01:00:52,970 --> 01:00:49,799
planet

1504
01:00:55,190 --> 01:00:52,980
if I was if if we were if we understood

1505
01:00:58,150 --> 01:00:55,200
the environment on Mars enough and

1506
01:01:01,609 --> 01:00:58,160
humanity is ready to take the step

1507
01:01:04,370 --> 01:01:01,619
towards uh you know terraforming the

1508
01:01:07,069 --> 01:01:04,380
surface of Mars my first thought would

1509
01:01:08,630 --> 01:01:07,079
be to begin sending microbes I could

1510
01:01:11,150 --> 01:01:08,640
take carbon dioxide out of the air

1511
01:01:14,450 --> 01:01:11,160
produce oxygen maybe even utilize the

1512
01:01:15,890 --> 01:01:14,460
nitrogen uh so that that would be I

1513
01:01:18,109 --> 01:01:15,900

think the most intriguing but that's

1514

01:01:19,069 --> 01:01:18,119

tens of years away if not hundreds of

1515

01:01:21,289 --> 01:01:19,079

years away

1516

01:01:22,609 --> 01:01:21,299

absolutely yeah well thank you so much

1517

01:01:23,809 --> 01:01:22,619

for that answer

1518

01:01:25,250 --> 01:01:23,819

um to the rest of our audience I

1519

01:01:26,750 --> 01:01:25,260

apologize we couldn't get to all of your

1520

01:01:27,650 --> 01:01:26,760

questions there were so many good ones

1521

01:01:29,089 --> 01:01:27,660

there

1522

01:01:30,410 --> 01:01:29,099

um if you are interested uh you can

1523

01:01:32,329 --> 01:01:30,420

always ask your questions in the

1524

01:01:34,730 --> 01:01:32,339

comments section once we post the

1525

01:01:36,109 --> 01:01:34,740

recorded version of the YouTube uh video

1526

01:01:37,430 --> 01:01:36,119

as well

1527

01:01:38,930 --> 01:01:37,440

um for those of you out there who watch

1528

01:01:40,609 --> 01:01:38,940

the show and join in and ask us

1529

01:01:42,829 --> 01:01:40,619

questions please share the show with

1530

01:01:44,870 --> 01:01:42,839

your friends uh we love to always point

1531

01:01:46,970 --> 01:01:44,880

out an ambassador of the month for each

1532

01:01:48,650 --> 01:01:46,980

episode who's shared about the show

1533

01:01:50,990 --> 01:01:48,660

who's asked questions of our guests

1534

01:01:53,210 --> 01:01:51,000

who's really gotten engaged uh in this

1535

01:01:54,710 --> 01:01:53,220

whole thing of astrobiology we want to

1536

01:01:57,890 --> 01:01:54,720

give a special shout out this month for

1537

01:01:59,270 --> 01:01:57,900

instance to father karuya fafi is an

1538

01:02:01,490 --> 01:01:59,280

affiliate researcher at Blue Marble

1539

01:02:03,470 --> 01:02:01,500

space Institute of science as well as

1540

01:02:05,690 --> 01:02:03,480

being a researcher at NASA Ames and he

1541

01:02:08,690 --> 01:02:05,700

shared about our show so father we

1542

01:02:10,309 --> 01:02:08,700

really appreciate that uh Dr sugar thank

1543

01:02:12,109 --> 01:02:10,319

you so much for joining us for ask an

1544

01:02:13,549 --> 01:02:12,119

astrobiologist it's been a blast having

1545

01:02:15,530 --> 01:02:13,559

you it's been fun

1546

01:02:17,809 --> 01:02:15,540

this has been fun thanks

1547

01:02:19,490 --> 01:02:17,819

thank you so much I'm glad our audience

1548

01:02:21,109 --> 01:02:19,500

has so many great questions about your

1549

01:02:23,210 --> 01:02:21,119

research they might even reach out with

1550

01:02:25,190 --> 01:02:23,220

more questions so keep an eye out for

1551

01:02:26,870 --> 01:02:25,200

that uh for those of you tuning in and

1552

01:02:29,150 --> 01:02:26,880

joining us I hope you signed up already

1553

01:02:30,950 --> 01:02:29,160

for the NASA astrobiology mailing list

1554

01:02:33,289 --> 01:02:30,960

that way you can find out about new

1555

01:02:34,970 --> 01:02:33,299

episodes of ask an astrobiologist as

1556

01:02:36,530 --> 01:02:34,980

well as all of the other incredible

1557

01:02:39,230 --> 01:02:36,540

things going on through NASA

1558

01:02:41,990 --> 01:02:39,240

astrobiology including opportunities for

1559

01:02:43,789 --> 01:02:42,000

early career researchers missions new

1560

01:02:45,890 --> 01:02:43,799

articles on the website lots of cool

1561

01:02:48,170 --> 01:02:45,900

things going on there so please sign up

1562

01:02:50,150 --> 01:02:48,180

for the official mailing list uh thank

1563

01:02:52,910 --> 01:02:50,160

you Dr sugar for joining us thank you to

1564

01:02:57,470 --> 01:02:52,920

the audience for joining us uh and as

1565

01:03:00,010 --> 01:02:57,480

always everyone remember to stay curious

1566

01:03:14,340 --> 01:03:00,020

foreign

1567

01:03:15,450 --> 01:03:14,350

[Music]

1568

01:03:16,500 --> 01:03:15,460

[Applause]

1569

01:03:18,400 --> 01:03:16,510

[Music]

1570

01:03:27,549 --> 01:03:18,410

[Applause]

1571

01:03:39,970 --> 01:03:30,210

thank you